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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

HOUSE: Bills Introduced and Referred—Resolution Offered—Interesting Debate on the Bill for Taking the Next Census—Some Progress Made—Petition in Favor of Belligerent Rights and Independence of Cuba—Not Read—Motion to Adjourn Till Monday Lost.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, December 10, 1869.

The Senate was not in session to-day, having yesterday adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.

Bills introduced and referred: By Mr. SCOFIELD: For the transfer of the Philadelphia Navy Yard to League Island.

By Mr. RODGERS: To remove the political disabilities from people of the States lately in rebellion.

By Mr. WHITTEMORE: To amend the laws regulating the coasting trade.

By Mr. SHELDON, of Louisiana: Extending the limits of the Port of New Orleans, and making an appropriation for removing obstructions from Bayou Teche, Louisiana; making appropriations for repairing and finishing the New Orleans Custom House.

By Mr. WELLS: Donating to the city of St. Louis, for a public park, the land on which the U. S. Arsenal stands. The bill donates the entire arsenal tract in lieu of six acres heretofore granted, and authorizes the erection of an arsenal at Jefferson Barracks.

By Mr. STRICKLAND: To extend the time for the completion of the military road from Cooper Harbor, Michigan, to Green Bay, Wisconsin; to divide Michigan into three judicial districts, and to establish a Northern district of Michigan; also, a joint resolution of the Michigan Legislature asking an appropriation for the improvement of the entrance of Portage Lake.

By Mr. JENCKES: To establish a uniform rule of naturalization throughout the United States.

By Mr. FISHER: To authorize the construction and maintenance of a bridge across the Niagara river.

By Mr. LAWRENCE: To abolish certain fees required of pensioners, making it the duty of the pension agent to make out semi annual papers for pensioners, and administer the oaths without the fees now required.

By Mr. HAY: To repeal so much of the internal revenue law as requires farmers and gardeners to have a broker's license to sell their own products from stalls or stands.

By Mr. CORBIN: To provide for the sale of the coin in the Treasury, except such as may be necessary for the payment of interest on bonds.

Resolutions were offered and adopted, as follows:

By Mr. MERCER, instructing the Committee on Retrenchment to inquire into the propriety of reducing the expenses of the obsequies of members of Congress.

By Mr. WOODS, instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the condition under which the French Cable Company has been released from the French Government to connect its telegraph by the French shore, and whether there is any restriction or reservation in such concession that is prejudicial to the rights of the Government or people of the United States.

Mr. HOAR asked leave to offer a resolution, directing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of recognizing the independence of Cuba; but objection was made.

Mr. INGERSOLL again introduced his bill authorizing the additional issue of forty-four million legal tender notes, and moved that it be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. GARFIELD moved its reference to the Committee on Banking.

Mr INGERSOLL supposed that was a debatable question, and proposed to discuss it.

Mr. GARFIELD, who held the floor, desiring to call up the census bill, declined to yield, and Mr. Ingersoll withdrew his bill.

The Speaker presented various documents, including a memorial from the State of South Carolina relative to the recognition of Cuba.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Dawes in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the census bill.

Mr. KELLY moved to strike out of the fourth section the proviso that "in any city comprising more than one Congressional district, the Secretary of the Interior may appoint one district Superintendent for such city," instead of one for each Congressional district. He argued that it would impose upon such superintendent in Philadelphia, comprising four and a half Congressional districts, from four to six times the amount of labor imposed upon other superintendents, without any increase of compensation.

After considerable discussion, the motion was agreed to, and the proviso struck out.

Mr. JENCKES moved to amend the bill by inserting an additional section, as section eight, authorizing each district superintendent to employ, by consent of the general superintendent, in addition to the enumerators, one or more persons to collect, collate, arrange and report the special statistical information called for by the act in relation to mines and mining, manufacturing and mechanical industry, mercantile and trading establishments and business, fisheries, education, religion, charities; charitable, military, reformatory and penal institutions, and other commercial and social statistics. He argued in favor of this amendment and to show the necessity and advantage of the employment of such experts as his amendment contemplates. After considerable discussion, the amendment was agreed to—66 to 457.

Mr. WILKINSON moved an amendment to the 14th section, imposing a fine of $5,000 upon any corporation which shall refuse or neglect to give any information required by the Act. In sustaining his amendment, he declared his belief that two States of the Union, Minnesota and Iowa, paid to railroad corporations for transportation of produce, $10,000,000 a year, more than they ought to pay, and when the people came to know how they were victimized by railroad companies, it would awaken a degree of indignation which would require the Government to take hold of those mammoth corporations, and restrict their power to rob and plunder the people. After discussion the amendment was adopted.

Mr. SCHOFIELD moved to strike out the enacting clause. He was opposed to the multiplication of Federal officers as provided by the bill. He preferred the act of 1850. He believed that under it the census of 1860 had been well taken. Its schedules were better than those provided in this bill, and he believed its machinery was better. There was no provision here for getting statistics about the principal products of his own district.

Mr. GARFIELD—"The poor man's light." [Laughter.]

Mr. SCHOFIELD appreciated the labor of the Census Committee, but he did not like the machinery of the bill, nor did he like the multiplication of Federal officers. When the war commenced, there was but one set of Federal officers, which is now three or four sets, and this bill proposed to create a fifth set.

Mr. GARFIELD regretted that a motion to adopt had not been offered earlier, so as to save time.

The question was taken on Mr. Schofield's motion to strike out the enacting clause, which was rejected by a large majority.

Mr FARNSWORTH moved to strike out the 6th section, giving the franking privilege to the census takers. He made the motion as a test question.

Mr. GARFIELD while expressing himself in favor of abolishing the franking privilege, did not regard this a test question on that subject.

The motion was rejected.

Mr. WARD presented a petition signed by 72,000 citizens of the State of New York asking Congress to accord belligerent rights to the people of Cuba, and recognize their independence. He asked that it be read.

Mr. FARNSWORTH and others objected.

Mr. WARD then withdrew the petition, and announced that he would, on Monday, move to suspend the rules to have it read.

A motion to adjourn till Monday was rejected, and the House, at 3:45, adjourned until to-morrow.

MEXICO.

Reception of Hon. Wm. H. Seward in the City of Mexico—Banquets, Speeches, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CITY OF MEXICO, December 1, via HAVANA, December 10.—Hon Wm. H. Seward and party arrived in this city on the 15th ult. They were received at the railroad station by President Jaurez and Cabinet, and a commission of Notables. On the 18th Mr. Nelson, United States Minister, gave Mr. Seward a banquet, at which Schollissen, representative of Germany, Minister Romero, and other ministers, and many ladies were present.

Ledro Tejado, President of the Supreme Court, in a speech, said that Mr. Seward's name would be imperishably written in the history of an important epoch, for his services in behalf of humanity and republican institutions on the American continent.

On the night of the 27th a grand banquet was given Mr. Seward at the palace of President Juarez, the Cabinet and other prominent persons being present. President Juarez toasted President Grant, and paid a high compliment to America. Minister Nelson responded.

Lerdo De Tejado spoke at considerable length in defining the relations of the United States of the United States and Mexico. He proceeded to point out the resemblance between the laws and institutions of the two countries, and declared in these respects, and in the common pursuit of liberty, they were much alike.

Mr. Seward followed in a speech, disclaiming all personal interest in coming to Mexico. The Mexican government, he said, wisely gave their political positions to their own countrymen, and not to foreign adventurers. His sole ambition was to inure the American people to a thorough understanding of the destinies of the continent. Although originally colonized by European monarchies, yet sooner or later it must be entirely independent of foreign control, and of every form of despotic government. Mr. Seward proceeded to give an eloquent exposition of American Republicanism in its application to the American continent, and closed by proposing a toast to President Juarez, whose name, he said, would remain indissolubly connected with the memories of Lincoln, Bolivar and Washington.

An operatic troupe present sang "The Star Spangled Banner."

Minister Iglasius interpreted Mr. Seward's speech. Immense enthusiasm prevailed. An very large crowd was present, all anxious to see Mr. Seward. He will probably leave about the 10th inst.

About one thousand men are at work on the railroad at the pass of Dal Macha, near Orizaba.

The yield of the Sonora mines are bountiful. The manufacturing interests are increasing in prosperity.

The Macias insurrection had end-ed.

An unusual number of pronunciamentos were issued by the insurrectionists.

A light shock of earthquake was felt in various parts of the republic.

An English steamer while raising anchor at Vera Cruz snapped the chain. Three sailors were killed and seven wounded.

The town of Fresnells was lately visited by a terrific hurricane. Over 200 houses were destroyed.

A party of men employed in counterfeiting revenue stamps were discovered in the capitol and arrested.

A rebellion has broken out in Sierra Puebla.

The town of Capacatla was captured by Regret's partisans. Regret's headquarters are at Tezuilla.

The Vera Cruz telegraph has been cut, and a force is reporting marching on Perote.

The town of Staras has pronounced in favor of the revolution.

The amnesty bill has been amended so as to include several important classes of persons, who did not previously share its benefits.

CHICAGO.

Bold Robbery and Attempted Murder—How a Reprieve was Obtained—A Strange Case.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, December 10.—Last evening about six o'clock two men entered the office of the treasurer of Parma county, at Tama City, Iowa, and asked for some stamps. Mr. Camery, deputy treasurer, turned round to get them, when they caught him by the throat, knocking his head against the wall, and stabbed him three times. They then seized eight thousand dollars that lay in the safe, and decamped. It is feared Camery is fatally wounded. Should the robbers be caught, they will be lynched beyond a doubt.

It turns out that some finesse was employed in obtaining a respite of Daniel Walsh, the murderer, from Gov. Palmer. W. H. Eddy, who was messenger to lay the matter before Gov. Palmer, after an interview, telegraphed back "All right," after the Governor had expressly declared that he would not interfere. On the strength of this dispatch, Walsh's friends informed him that he was respited. Disliking to disappoint the prisoner, the Governor afterwards consented to respite him for thirty days.

A very strange case has been on examination before Justice Mayo, of Sycamore, De Kalb county, Illinois. It was brought on complaint of Johnson Low, of Clinton, same county, who swore he had good reason to believe that three dustry, mercantile and trading establishments and business, fisheries, education, religion, charities; charitable, military, reformatory and penal institutions, and other commercial and social statistics. He argued in favor of this amendment and to show the necessity and advantage of the employment of such experts as his amendment contemplates. After considerable discussion, the amendment was agreed to—66 to 457.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Publication of the French Yellow Book—Relations with Foreign Powers Amicable—The Emperor and the Ecumenical Council—Allocution of the Pope—His Satisfaction at Seeing so Many Bishops Present—Stormy Scene in the Corps Legislatif—Negotiations to be Reopened on the Alabama Claims.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FRANCE.

PARIS, December 10.—The French official yellow book is just published. It gives a favorable account of the condition of France, and states that her relations with foreign powers, and their relations with one another, are still more amicable since the conference on the dispute between Greece and Turkey, held in Paris. The situation of the North German Confederation is not such as to cause France to change her attitude. In Italy, order is gaining ground in spite of revolutionary movements.

The Book makes an important declaration in regard to the Ecumenical Council. This body, it says, is not beyond the pale of political powers. So the Emperor is resolved to use his incontestable right to intervene in its deliberations, and through their representatives all Catholic Powers approve this course.

The Turko-Egyptian question is reviewed, and the efforts made to reconcile the Sultan and Viceroy are dwelt on at length.

American affairs are treated of to the following effect: The advent of General Grant to the Presidency of the United States has made no change in the Government and the relations existing between the two nations. France has assisted the efforts of the Washington Government to re-establish peace between Spain and the Pacific Republics, but the sympathy shown by the United States and South America with the Cuban rebellion, has unfortunately created a settlement of the above question.

Winding up this subject the Book says: "The French Government has no reason to violate the laws of neutrality. The only aim of this Government is to develope peacefully its foreign relations, and guard the interests of France."

The Corps Legislatif had another stormy session to-day. An opposition deputy demanded the impeachment of M. Forcade, Minister of Interior. Scenes of violence followed, such as never before have been witnessed in the Chamber. The sitting was adjourned amid great excitement. The prosecution of Rappel was caused by a libelous article written by Charles Hugo. It has terminated in conviction, and Hugo has been sentenced to a fine of 1,000 francs, with four months' imprisonment, and the publisher of the journal to 1,000 francs fine, and two months' imprisonment.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, December 10.—The *Times* has an article on the Alabama claims. It hopes the American government will appoint such men as George Wm. Curtis and William M. Evarts to state the facts and law of the case, and thinks that good results will certainly follow such a selection.

The body of Mr. Peabody will be removed from Westminster Abby to the ship Monarch to-day. Crowds are at the tomb paying their last respects to the remains.

The steamship Brazilian, built expressly for the Suez canal traffic, has been found to draw too much water. Advices from the Porte announce that she attempted to make the passage, but was obliged to discharge half her cargo to get through.

EDINBURG, Dec. 10.—The *Saturday* publishes a report, which it declares entitled to credit, that Lord Clarendon will soon reopen negotiations with the United States for the settlement of the Alabama claims.

ROME.

ROME, Dec. 10.—The Pope delivered an allocution before the assembled Bishops. He expressed his satisfaction in being able to open the Council on the day that had been fixed and at finding that the Bishops came in such numbers to aid the Holy See, helped by the Holy Spirit. False human science and impiety were never before so strong as at the present day, for they were so well organized, and hid themselves in behind pretended aspirations for liberty. But there was nothing to fear (because the Church was stronger even than Heaven.) But time would remedy the present evils. The holy father concluded with an invocation to the Holy Ghost, Blessed Virgin, and Saints Peter and Paul.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, December 10.—The Duke of Saldanha having been pressed by the King to accept the post of Ambassador of Portugal at Paris, positively declines, and declares he would prefer to resign office under the Crown rather than take the place.

SPAIN.

PARIS, December 10.—Reports come from Madrid that it is confidently believed there that President Grant intends to seize Cuba.

PRUSSIA.

GOTHA, December 10.—Ernest, Second Duke of Saxe Coburg, is dying. Price Alfred of England is his heir.

MARINE NEWS.

BREMEN, December 10—The steamer Hanover arrived from New Orleans.

HAVRE, December 10.—The steamer Silesia, from New York, arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, December 10.—*Evening*—Consols 92¾ for money; account 92¾@92¾. American securities: 5-20 bonds—'65s, 86; '65s, 81¾; 67s, 86¾; 10-10s, 82¾; Erie 20¾; Illinois 99¾; Atlantic & Great Western, 26¼. Stocks quiet.

PARIS, December 10.—Bourse quiet at 73f. 07c.

LONDON, December 10.—Tallow quiet. Common Rosin 6s. 5d. Sugar firm. Refined Petroleum 1s. 5½d. Linseed Oil quiet and steady.

Petroleum at Antwerp firm at 61½f.

Petroleum at Bremen quiet at 7 thalers 6 groats.

Hamburg—Petroleum quiet at 15 marc bancos, 8 schillings.

HAVRE, December 10.—Cotton firm at at 154f. afloat.

FRANKFORT, December 10.—Bonds closed quiet at 60¾.

LIVERPOOL, December 10.—Cotton sales for week 54,000 bales, including 10,000 for export and 5,000 for speculation; stock 319,000 bales, including 21,000 American; receipts for week 54,000 of which 16,000 were American; quantity afloat 320,000 of which 158,000 were from United States. Market to-day is a trifle better, closing steady at 11⅜@11⅝d for middling uplands; Orleans at 12@12¼d. Sales 12,000 varns and fabrics Manchester quiet. Wheat receipts for three days 55,000 qrs, including 27,000 American; quantity California white 9s 8d; red western 8s 6d; winter 8s 10d. Flour 22s. Corn No. 2 mixed 28s 9d. Oats 2s 11d. Peas 38s. Pork 110s. Beef 107s 6d. Lard 76s 6d. Cheese 68s. Bacon 67s 6d. Common Rosin 5s 6d. Petroleum unchanged.

CINCINNATI.

Entered upon his Duties—Hog Cholera

(By the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.)

CINCINNATI, December 10.—Hon. R. W. Clarke, recently appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue for southern Ohio, entered upon his duties to-day.

The disease called the hog cholera has broken out again among the slop fed swine at one distillery at Cumminsville. Twenty to twenty-five died a day, mostly stock hogs, light weight.

THE CAPITAL.

The Atlantic Cable—Sale of Gold Coin—Illness of a Member—Revenue Stamps—Important Decision—Court Claims—No Meeting Yet—The First Reception of the Season.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, December 10th, 1869.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The subject of the French Atlantic Cable was briefly considered by the Committee on Foreign Affairs yesterday and to-day. The Committee will unanimously sustain President Grant's views relative to ocean cables, and report a bill with the view to remedy this complaint.

REVENUE STAMPS—IMPORTANT DECISION

In the Internal Revenue Bureau during the month of November, five hundred and eighty-three thousand six hundred Distiller's spirit stamps were issued, valued at $5,000,000, and tobacco stamps to the value of $1,800,000. The Internal Revenue Commissioner decides that although distillers and brewers can sell at the place of manufacture, so long as they sell in the original casks or packages, to which tax stamps are affixed, without payment of tax as liquor dealers and rectifiers of distilled products, they cannot sell without paying a tax as liquor dealers at any other place.

SALE OF GOLD COIN.

Representative Coburn's resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, requires the Secretary of the Treasury to sell all the coin not necessary to be retained for the payment of interest on bonds, and for other demands in coin, and to continue the sales daily, reserving only such amounts as may be needed for the above named purposes.

FIRST RECEPTION.

The first reception of the season by Secretary Fish and Mrs. Fish took place this evening. There was a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen, the latter including Cabinet officers, foreign Ministers, Senators and prominent army and navy officers.

NO MEETING YET.

The Committee on Banking have not yet held a meeting, owing to the engagement of Gen. Garfield, a member, who has charge of the Census Bill pending in the House.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

In the Court of Claims, judgments were rendered the past year on 84 claims, 24 were dismissed; aggregate amount of claims $2,000,000; awarded $900,000.

GEORGIA RECONSTRUCTION.

It is believed Congress will take no action on the Georgia reconstruction question until after the holidays.

ILLNESS OF A MEMBER.

Representative Van Auken is detained at home, in Pennsylvania, by sickness.

NEW YORK CITY.

Closing Paragraph of Pere Hyacinthe's Lecture—The Spanish Gunboats Released at Last—Arrival of Senator Fenton—Held to Bail—Stolen Bonds Recovered.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 10, 1869.

Pere Hyacinthe concluded his address last night as follows: In modern society celibacy exists for the sake of God, but these exceptions, if you make a rule, are against God and against nature. Celibacy is cowardice if it does not glorify marriage. The Apostles have said marriage is honorable. A marriage is spotless before God and men. The great object in view is the reconciliation of heaven and earth, and of the present life with the future, and to secure a union of earth, union in the city, in the nation and in humanity. It was the thought of Jesus Christ. The foundation of your people is the Bible, the book that speaks of God—the living word of Jesus Christ in admirable manifesto. From your President there shines through his words the Christian faith—a belief in Jesus is at the foot of this nation. May Jesus Christ protect your country and develop in Europe, preparing amidst strife, unity and religion and material prosperity, and when I return I shall tell Europe that I have found here liberty associated with Christianity, and have lived among a people who have not think that to be free they must be parted from God.

Mr. Stoughton, counsel for Delamater, at the hearing to-day, moved for the release of the Spanish gunboats, and District Attorney Pierrepont having made no opposition, saying he had received instructions from Washington to proceed no further in the matter. It was officially shown that the war no longer existed between Spain and Peru. Judge Blatchford to-day made an order granting the motion of Mr. Stoughton.

Among the passengers by the Allemania, from Europe, arrived to day, are Senator Fenton and daughter.

Romaine Mullegan, one of the alleged perpetrators of the drawback frauds, has been held to bail in $10,000.

A portion of the proceeds of the robbery of the Dutchess County Insurance Company have been recovered here in the shape of five one thousand dollar U. S. bonds, and a man named Chesly arrested.

CANADA.

Hearing in the Extradition Case of Caldwell.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MONTREAL, December 10.—In the application made in the Chambers for a writ of *habeas corpus* in behalf of Caldwell, who was remanded in connection with certain revenue frauds in New York, counsel for prisoner contended a magistrate in Lower Canada has no jurisdiction to issue a warrant for the arrest of a prisoner in Ontario. Counsel for the United States Government argued that under the recent act of Parliament a magistrate in an extradition case has jurisdiction in all of the Dominion. Judge Mondelet reserved his decision till tomorrow.

Charge of Black mailing.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MONTGOMERY, ALA., December 10.—J. Edward Stacy, late revenue detective, was arrested to-day at the instance of Supervisor Emory, charged with levying black-mail on distillers. Affidavits of distillers from different parts of the State show that he obtained large sums of money from them. Commissioner Campbell required him to give bail bond for his appearance at the next term of the Federal court.

A Waterhaul.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

POUGHKEEPSIE, December 10.—In the Circuit Court to-day, before Judge Tappan, a verdict was given for defendant, in the case of J. Nelson Lackey against the New York *Tribune* Association. It was an action for libel in the publication of an article in the *Tribune*—a regular court report. The complainant sued for $20,000.

—The N. Y. *Herald* prints a letter from Edward W. Tvlidge, one of the apostles of Mormon reform, and the leader of a schism in the Mormon Church, in which he says there are other causes of the pending trouble among the Salt Lake Saints. He says that the people have been reduced to a temporal bondage by the power of Brigham Young, and the spirituality of Mormonism has died out of the Church. The reformers propose to revive these spiritual doctrines. They war against Brigham Young's policy, but not against himself.

—The case of the Supervisors of Westchester county against the sureties of Willetts, the defaulting County Treasurer, for the amount of his deficit, was concluded at White Plains yesterday, and the jury rendered a verdict against the sureties to the full amount of the bond, $150,000.

—Patrick Connolly was torn nearly to pieces and killed Thursday by being caught in a revolving shaft at the Dry Docks, at Carondelet, near St. Louis.

GENERAL NEWS.

CHICAGO police practice musket drill.

VERMONT has only three daily newspapers.

ONE divorce to every two marriages is the average in Connecticut.

A WOMAN in Baltimore paid $900 for charging a girl with stealing a dress.

WHITE cravats are coming rapidly in vogue again among gentlemen for full dress occasions.

WHEELING, W. Va., manufactures two million "stogy" cigars monthly, the revenue tax upon which amounts to $10,000 – $120,000 per annum.

AT the State Municipal Convention of Ohio, now in session at Columbus, a resolution was adopted, 28 by 16, in favor of licensing bawdy houses at $1,000 per annum.

A BLIND MAN named George Boyd, from Kansas City, Mo., stopped at a hotel in Quincy, Illinois, on the 15th inst., and has since disappeared. He had $5,000 in his possession.

THE Central Pacific Railroad now has thirty-five miles of snow sheds. Three hundred Chinese are employed between Humboldt Wells and Ogden in the construction of snow fences and the making of various repairs.

THE railway conductor on the New Jersey road who put the man off the cars the other evening for not paying his fare (resulting in the man's death, by falling off Hackensack bridge) has been arrested for manslaughter.

SINCE the accession of Dr. McCosh to the Presidency of Princeton College, more than $400,000 have been contributed to its funds. The money has been employed in putting up buildings, or invested for the benefit of the college.

A SALE of fifteen thousand acres of coal land in Grant and Mineral counties, West Virginia, was made a few days ago, for cash, to John L. Crawford, James Boyce and Samuel J. McDubbin, of Baltimore. The price paid for the property was $225,000.

NEW YORK has two hundred gambling houses, eight thousand professional gamblers, and $1,500,000 capital invested in the game, while $50,000 changes hands nightly over the cards. Besides these, there is generally "game" at the clubs, and often at private houses.

A NEGRO BOY stole a doll in Petersburg, Va., the other day, and while protesting his innocence, unwittingly pressed it as he endeavored to hide it more completely under his shirt. The doll gave a loud squeak, and the little negro, who had never heard of crying dolls before, turned almost white, and thought a miracle had been done in his case.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Scientific American* believes that the Pacific Railroad is to have an effect in changing the meteorological character of the plains. His theory is that the bands of iron furnish such a means of establishing an electrical equilibrium that the climate is rendered more equable, and the rainfall over the country is sensibly equalized.

WEST VIRGINIA has some tall sons in the neighborhood of Lewisburg, living within a half mile of each other, whose respective heights will exceed that of any other section. The first, twenty years old, is 6 feet 2 inches high; the second, nineteen years old, is 6 feet 5 inches, and the third, between fourteen and fifteen years old, is 6 feet 2½ inches high.

THE advocates of temperance in Remington, Jasper county, Indiana, have organized a joint stock company with a subscribed capital of $50,000, upon which to issue bonds for the purpose of raising the necessary means to oppose in the courts all applications for license to sell intoxicating liquors "by the small," within their corporation.

AN animal resembling the Rocky Mountain lion has been seen about the Iowa State line, and in various parts of Buchanan township, Iowa. One man saw him carrying away a part of a sheep. His tracks have been seen in the snow. One night about twenty persons, with thirteen hounds undertook to unearth him, but the dogs would not follow the trail.

THE officers of the Philadelphia mint have prepared a medal commemorative of the opening of the Pacific Railroad. One side bears the head of the President, and the reverse exhibits the most striking characteristics of the road. It is appropriately inscribed, and a number have been struck in silver and bronze, and one in gold to be presented to President Grant.

MISS POINDEXTER had been performing spiritualistic cabinet feats at Terre Haute, after the manner of the Davenports. The young gentleman who tied her the other night smeared her fingers with printing ink. When the cabinet was opened, the ink was found all over her face, clothes, &c., and thus her humbuggery was made apparent, and her spiritual quackery and delusion exposed.

IT is reported that the Faculty of the University of Michigan have decided to abolish the Senior vacation, which heretofore has been the month between Class day and Commencement. They claim that this is advisable from the fact that so many Seniors go home after Class day, and are absent at Commencement; furthermore, that the vacation shortens the year too much for the highest good of the class.

THREE gentlemen visited Quincy, Ill., on the 30th ult., and put up at a hotel. They retired, all occupying one room, and left the gas burner in such a state that the gas escaped. Not appearing the next morning, the door was forced open and two of them were found in advanced stage of asphyxia, and the other almost insensible. Fortunately they were resuscitated, and went on their way thankful for their escape.

A BOSTON clergyman writing to a western paper says that in looking over the list of lecturers engaged this season by the various courses the "conviction creeps across my mind that genuine culture is not the sole thing sought after by committee men. Sharp wits and sharper women amuse us rather too often." But he finds consolation in the thought that "even these lighter lecturers turn men away from the theatres."

IT IS stated by a Fort Dodge (Ohio) correspondent that a block of gypsum, from which the Cardiff giant was chiselled, was taken from the gypsum quarries in that neighborhood, in 1866, by a couple of men, who said they wanted to take such a block to New York, where they could make a good thing out of it. They were subsequently joined by a man named Glass, from Syracuse, N. Y., who is believed to be the "antediluvian artist."

AT the Winter House, Fort Scott, Kansas, the other morning, R. M. Sutton, of Marshall, Ill., went into breakfast, apparently in perfect possession of his faculties, and finished his meal with seeming relish. He then rose from the table, took a case knife and commenced the operation of sawing off his head with as perfect coolness as if it were an every day performance. The dullness of the knife and the interference of the boarders prevented his seriously harming himself.

ABRAHAM DEWY, an old street preacher, who for years wandered about Wheeling, with a bible under his arm, discoursing on the corners and by the wayside, died on the 6th, in the county jail. More than a quarter of a century since he became demented on the subject of religion, and his loud and disjointed harangues were principally on that topic. His insanity being of a mild type, he was never closely confined, but was suffered to go and come from the alms house as he wished.

THE warden of the Albany (N. Y.) Penitentiary says that John J. Eckel, who died there last week, told the steward of the prison that he had an important revelation to make before his death, but that he died without making it. He was convicted of complicity in Dr. Burdell's murder, twelve years ago, and the revelation was supposed to refer to it. The Albany *Argus* says Eckel emphatically declared that he was entirely guiltless of any connection with that crime, and he did not know who committed it.

STATE NEWS.

THE Harrisburghers are enjoying sleighing.

GEO. H. HUFF, of Altoona, is the last candidate out for the State Treasurership.

OLIVE LOGAN is moving this way. She lecures on "Girls" at Harrisburg next week.

L. H. WHITTESLY, Esq., editor of the Great Bend *Pennsylvanian* died last Friday.

A YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION is about to be established at Petroleum Center.

A MUSIC dealer in Harrisburg, received an order for a quantity of music, among which was a "a saranelghed for a quartit."

THE price of gas in Washington borough has been reduced from four dollars to three dollars and a half per thousand cubic feet.

A MAN in Chester county has been fined for allowing obnoxious weeds to grow on his farm, to the damage of his neighbors.

JOHN LIPPINCOTT shot a large deer on last Friday, on the mountain range back of Graefenburg Springs, about two miles from the Springs.

THE Covode-Foster contested Congressional election case will be decided next week. There is now the slightest doubt but the seat will be given to Covode.

IN Forest county, deers, bears, wildcats and panthers are very plenty this winter. Such rural hunting is within one day's ride by rail from Pittsburgh.

THERE are fresh signs of trouble among the Schuylkill colliers, the miners complaining that the operators do not adhere with good faith to the terms of the recent adjustment.

THE following Post Office appointments have been made: Gallitzin, Cambria county, David Mills, vice J. Troxell, removed; Milroy, Mifflin county, A. W. Graff, vice H. Maclay, deceased.

THE Pennsylvania National Bank at Pottsville was done to the amount of $13,000 on a forged check last week in the hands of a confidence man, who was subsequently arrested.

THE fact has come to light that a young lady of Pleasantville, Venango county, died from an attempted abortion. The seducer and also the physician have fled the country. Names are not given.

JOHN D. HIBBS, for a number of years train master in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad, died at his residence, in Philadelphia, on Monday. His numerous friends will regret to hear of his decease.

THE council of Monongahela City have passed a resolution directing the police to arrest every boy found on the street after nine o'clock who cannot give a good and sufficient reason for being abroad at that hour of the night.

DAVID M. EYER, of East Donegal township, Lancaster county, last year raised 16,010 pounds of tobacco, or an average of 1,800 to the acre. The tobacco was sold the present year for $2,672,43—an average of $286.93.

AN article in the Philadelphia *Press* states that in the Diocese of Philadelphia there are 100 Catholic churches, 180 priests, and 220,000 communicants. This would give 2,1000 members to each church, and 1,222 to each priest.

THE Erie *Gazette* informs us that Rev. Geo. F. Cain, of the Park Church, has accepted a call from the First Presbyterian Church, of Philadelphia, at a salary of $5,000 per year, and will enter his new pulpit at the close of next month.

A NUMBER of the citizens of the Borough of Butler have organized a Printing Association, and intend issuing a newspaper to be called the *Butler Eagle*. The new paper will be Republican in politics, and will make its appearance sometime in January.

SIX hundred and sixteen persons pay income tax in the Twenty-fourth Congressional District, two hundred and seventy-eight in Washington county, one hundred and fifty seven in Beaver, one hundred and forty five in Lawrence and forty-six in Greene.

CHARLES F. YOUNGMAN, for a number of years ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Lancaster, died on Sunday last. He was ticket agent at that place for the stage lines from 1838 until the railroad was built, since which time he has filled the position of ticket agent for the Company.

THE Butler *Citizen* is vexed that the horse thief Gilliland played off on the town papers and gave the enterprising city press reporters Hockinberry's last confession—a plum being kept by the obliging sheriff for home publication alone. The *Citizen* is worse sold in publishing Hockinberry's *original* poetry.

TEDDY OWENS, a Johnstown rough, visited a drinking saloon in that place on Saturday last, but was refused anything to drink, as he was already too much under the influence of liquor. He picked up a piece of marble used as a door block, and started to go out, but on reaching the door turned and threw the block back. A young woman named Pluck, who was in the room at the time, was struck upon the forehead by it, and now lies in a very critical condition. Owens was arrested and sent to jail.

A VERY singular case has recently occurred in Susquehanna county. A. B. Crawford, of Rush township, lately borrowed large sums of money in Montrose and among his neighbors and acquaintances in Rush and Auburn, to buy a drove of cattle. He bought a drove, but instead of paying cash for it, bought on credit. He now states that, on his return, after selling the drove, he was robbed in his own house, and that he is unable to repay the money he borrowed, or to pay for the cattle bought on credit. This statement is not generally believed, and he has been twice arrested, but was each time discharged on bail.

THE Waynesburg *Messenger* says: We heard a few days since of a bold theft of wool that had been made about five or six weeks since. Mr. Wm. Barnes, about two miles south of this place, after clipping his wool, stored it in a barn about half a mile from his dwelling. At the time mentioned above he discovered that some one had come in the night with a one-horse vehicle and carried off about 150 pounds of the wool. He could track the wagon to the road, but no further with certainty, and had about given up all hope of tracing the culprit. We have heard it hinted, however, that some recent and unexpected developments point with almost unerring certainty to the thief, around whom the toils are quietly but certainly closing.

OUR readers will be interested to see the exact words in which Henry Ward Beecher defines his position on the school question. The publishers of the *Christian Union* call attention to a paper from the pen of Mr. Beecher, on "The fundamental right of a republican State to establish common schools." Mr. Beecher says:

"We believe that the Bible in schools would do a world of good and no harm. We wish that everybody thought as we do. When all the inhabitants of a district are agreed in having the Bible, they should have the liberty of making it a text-book in schools. But, when the parents are of mixed faiths, and when many of them do not believe the Bible to be the word of God, *it is not right to compel their children to read it, or to hear it read. This is religious compulsion, over it as you may. It is taxing men for the propagation of opinions which they repudiate. A compulsory Bible in schools is not in accordance with American doctrines of liberty of conscience.* * * * Education is a political necessity. It is a fundamental civil duty. If the State has not a right to establish free schools, then it has no right to lay the indispensable foundations of its own permanence. Republican governments must have an intelligent common people. Free schools are the factors of intelligence. They must be maintained. Sectarianism must not be allowed to pervert them. *If the Bible is the entering wedge of sectarianism in the common schools, much as we prize it, the Bible must be taken out of the common schools.*"

OHIO NEWS.

CANFIELD has a railroad depot.

BURGLARS have "gone through" Canton.

COL. G. W. McCOOK has gone to Europe.

OHIO is to re-appraise all her real estate next year.

ACRON has its *Daily Beacon*, and a bright and shining light it is.

A SHARON MILL claims to make sheet iron as good as the Russian article.

BELMONTERS want the county seat removed from St. Clairsville to Bellaire.

NOBLE COUNTY has raised this year 320,000 lbs. tobacco worth five cents per pound.

THE Summit Common Pleas granted twelve divorces last week, and denied but one.

CHARLES WEST skated himself under too thin ice at Canton last week, and was drowned.

DONN LOFLAND, while deranged, tried to drown himself at Plymouth, but only got unpleasantly wet.

A COLORED WOMAN, named Wood, living near Salem, was fatally burned by going too near a red-hot stove.

EVA WARD, at West Victory, near Mansfield, sixteen years old

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING, 84 AND 86 FIFTH AV.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

SATURDAY, DEC. 11, 69.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 61f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 90¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 133¼@133⅝.

RHODE ISLAND will ratify the XVth Article next month. Its terms are satisfactory to both her Senators, although one of them, Sprague, opposes the easy introduction of foreigners to citizenship, and vows he would exclude the Irish altogether.

SUFFRAGE AND REPUDIATION will be the leading subjects before the new Constitutional Convention of Tennessee. The struggle on the first point will be exciting and prolonged, although it is reported that a majority of the delegates will not favor an exclusion of the colored race.

WE understand that a criminal information for libel was instituted, on the 9th, in this city, by M. S. QUAY, Esq., against Mr. C. D. Brigham and other managers of the *Commercial* newspaper. For the confessed libels by the same defendants upon Hon. R. Errett, no sentence has yet been passed.

THE Executive nominations for the Circuit Judgeships will all be confirmed, with the exception of Mr. Yeaman, in the Kentucky District, whose record was not good during the rebellion period. The statement that the nominee for our own district is a relative of the President is not correct. A daughter of Mr. McKENNAN married Major SMITH, of Washington, Pa., who is a second cousin of the President's wife.

IT IS SAID that an opposition member from Ohio has been designated to lead off, at an early day, in a general movement, along the entire Democratic line, to make the Treasury chargable with the payment of the two or three thousand millions of private claims, which the Government has hitherto refused to touch. These claims have mainly originated in the war, and the majority of them are presented by the old rebel friends of the Democracy. That Ohio member will be a brave man, if not a wise one!

THE COUNTRY observes with sincere satisfaction that the filibustering programme of the Cuban sympathizers has been killed very dead. The heavy foot of the Administration has crushed the life out of it. Senator Cameron has flattened out the corpse, by rolling over it a petition of a ton weight, and the seedy friends of the departed are in trouble about the expenses of the funeral. Let them embalm the defunct "Republic" with their tears, swathe the remains in their worthless Cuban bonds, and then set up the mummy in some museum of remarkable curiosities—say in Printing House Square! If an epitaph be desired, either New York or Philadelphia can furnish a journalist to contribute the "Here lies."

IN THE lists of appropriations recommended to Congress, we find an item of $389,000 for the improvement of the Ohio River—for dredging out the channels removing sunken rocks and snags, and building a few wing dams. A very fine tub to the whale! But will it succeed in diverting popular attention from the obstructions, ten-fold more dangerous, and intended to be permanent, which are annually placed in the channel to serve the cupidity of a few corporations? These railway bridge-piers cause, every year, the destruction of property worth quite as much as the sum of these annual appropriations, making no account of the frequent loss of life. But Congress annually persists in spending money on one side to remove the natural obstacles, and in authorizing the multiplication of artificial impediments on the other. Does Congress represent the interests of the people, or of a half dozen great corporations? Do these companies own the country and the people, as well as the legislatures and the courts? Is it worth the people's while to settle these questions to their own satisfaction?

A WRITER in the Pittsburgh *Chronicle* feels unhappy, and boldly says so, because Congress has evinced a disposition to resist the manifest purpose of the Supreme Court to reconstruct the civil government in the South according to its own ideas, and not as preferred by the representatives of the people. Congress will take order that those States assume no form of government not republican, and will, in the meantime, itself govern their unorganized populations by their own absolute authority in the premises, showing none of this authority with the Judicial or the Executive department.

Our neighbor don't like this. It would have the Court consulted in the business, both of the intermediate government and of the ultimate organization of the States. And it mentions a number of other things which it don't like and hasn't liked any better. For example, its feelings have been hurt by the Tenure of Office act, and "by the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, *for exercising the Constitutional prerogative of the veto*" (!); it detects the existence of a "conspiracy to overthrow the grand system of checks and balances established by Madison;" it discerns an omnipotent Congress in the near future, with "Senator Trumbull and his co-workers preparing to revolutionize the government," and it avows its affectionate admiration for the veto power, and with a renewed expression of its concern about "Mr. Trumbull and his co-adjutors," begs that everything be let alone.

We have quoted enough to establish the partizan *animus* of that writer, who taxes the public credulity quite too far in attempting to hide under a neutral flag. It is an old dogge in that quarter and deceives none but the verdant.

ECCENTRIC BENEVOLENCE.

There lives at Pawtucket, R. J., a wealthy old gentleman named R. C. Dorsey, who, in addition to many miscellaneous acts of charity and benevolence, has provided for a dinner of roast turkey to be eaten by the convicts in the State prisons of Rhode Island and Connecticut on his birthday in perpetuity. Often he gives roast dinners of the same kind to the prisoners of other States. Once he gave $200 to a certain prison for that purpose; but learning afterwards that his birds were *boiled* instead of *roasted*, he sued the prison authorities and recovered his money. On this occasion he said:

"If the old gentlemen, on the return of his prodigal son, had said, boys, now kill the fatted calf and *roast* it for the feast of welcome, how would he have felt if, on afterwards going to the kitchen, he had found them *boiling* the calf? He would, I think, have been likely to make some fuss about it."

To the prisoners of Kentucky (the barbecue State) he ordered the biggest ox in Kentucky to be roasted and served with all the "fixings." When a friend spoke to him of his "work"—relieving the needy and feeding the prisoner—he replied brusquely:

"Work indeed! Call it *fun*, for such it is, and nothing else. Oh, if rich men only know the luxury of giving, it would be impossible for them to hoard. The only thing money is good for is to be given away. When a man feels that all he receives is but a deposit in trust, to be used for the relief of God's poor, nothing is easier than to dispense with a liberal hand: but when his feeling, in reference to what the Lord gives him, is 'This is mine,' he can never get enough: the whole world would not satisfy him."

ROCKY MOUNTAIN COAL.

There is probably not in the whole world a more extensive series of coal fields—if, indeed, it is not one continuous field—than that which stretches along the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains from Montana, in the north, far down into New Mexico, in the south, through about ten degrees of latitude. The width of this coal region from east to west has not been ascertained, for no shafts have been sunk, and it is only where it naturally crops out that its existence is known.

Along the line of the Union Pacific Railroad, in Wyoming Territory, it is said to extend a distance of nearly three hundred miles from east to west. Six mines are now open, mainly to supply the locomotives. The principal mines are at Carbon, 650 miles west of Omaha. From 250 to 300 miners are at work, earning from seven to twelve dollars a day in currency. This coal contains by analysis 60 per cent. of carbon, 12 of water in combination, and 28 of inflammable gases. It is known by the name of anthralignite.

Near Denver there are numerous mines some of which are extensively worked. Among these there is one vertical stratum about fourteen feet in thickness, yielding an excellent quality of coal, having probably about the same proportion of constituent properties as that already described. It is shining black, and in burning gives off a clear, bright flame, with but little smoke. It resembles what we call semi-bituminous, such as the celebrated Briar Hill coal of Ohio; yet it is different. It seems to be almost identical with the coal of the great veins found south of the Raton Mountain in New Mexico, from four to fourteen feet in thickness, of which the following is the analysis:

Moisture, at 212 deg.....	4.74
Sulphur.....	.16
Volatile Matter.....	37.20
Fixed Carbon.....	53.90
Ash.....	4.00
	100.00

This coal yields 437 pounds of illuminating gas per ton, equivalent to 7,439 cubic feet.

Sixty or seventy miles east of Denver, on the line of the recently surveyed Kansas Pacific Railwey, (Denver branch) away out on the plains, extensive veins of coal—doubtless a continuation of the same found near the mountain base—were discovered by the engineers. One stratum is seven feet in thickness, and is separated from a sub stratum of four feet by a layer of about four feet of slate or shale. It crops out, and was traced for miles. This is about 540 miles west of the Missouri river at Kansas City.

It is believed by scientific men that these great deposits of coal, which crop out so abundantly and in so many places along the base of the mountains, extend far eastward into the great plains, where they can be reached by shafts of moderate depths, and this last mentioned out crop favors and strengthens the hypothesis. If so, then that great agricultural and pastoral region stretching from the Missouri to the Rocky Mountains, now so destitute of timber, has a supply of fuel equal to that of any other on the continent. All the way from the plains of Colorado down through Kansas there is a gently descending grade. From the western line of Kansas to the Missouri river the descent is just about 2,400 feet, or a little less than six feet to the mile along the line of the road. On such a road coal can be transported very cheaply.

It is not yet ascertained, we believe, by practical experiment whether this coal is adapted to the smelting of iron, the ore of which, of the finest quality, abounds all along the base of those mountains; but from samples we have seen, and from its analysis, we think it will be found well adapted to that purpose. If so, it will have to be used in a raw state, as anthracite and semi-bituminous are.

With its mineral wealth in the precious metals, together with its coal and iron, and its agricultural capabilities under a well regulated system of irrigation, Colorado is likely to advance rapidly in population and wealth. For attractiveness to tourists and salubrity of climate, no region on earth is equal to it.

SOUTHERN POLITICS.

We hear nothing later, or different, from the Texas election. The last returns left the regular Republican ticket ahead. If its defeat could be ciphered out, the telegraph and press agents in the South west, who are all in the ex-rebel interest, would lose no time in letting us know it. No news is therefore good news now.

Congress inclines to admit Virginia with the least possible delay. If the State Legislature would pronounce emphatically against any proposition for the amendment of the new Constitution, the business could all be completed before the holidays.

No decisive action is likely to be had in the case of Georgia, until after the Christmas recess. The Legislature of that State meets January 12th, and indications are that the Democratic majority will try to avert any Federal intervention, by themselves accepting the decision of the State Supreme Court and reinstating the colored members. We presume that this opportunity will be given them, if they don't take too much time about it. Otherwise, the Governor will be directed to re-assemble the old Legislature, which will make short work in the restoration of the State to the right line of duty and patriotism. In either event, the ratification of the XVth Article will follow as a matter of course. The XIVth has been already approved by a legal vote of a legal Legislature, the Supreme Court of Georgia having already settled that point. Everybody knows that the opposition in that State would persist in their malignant perversity, to the crack of doom, unless taken sharply in hand by the competent authority which they have too long and too boldly defied. Beginning to feel the Federal power at their throats, they talk of submission, but only to a force which they dare not resist. A repentance which comes *in articulo mortis* too often attests the obstinate impenitence of the once vigorous sinner, who, recovering, might sin more than ever. The fine promises of the N. Y. *World* and other Northern apologies for the quasi rebellion which has ruled Georgia for a year or two past, may count for but little, when we see such journals as the Atlanta *Intelligencer* entreating its Democratic friends to stand aloof from any endorsement of the XVth Article, or of the proposition to restore the colored members. It declares that these issues rest with Congress, and Congress alone should take the responsibility for their adoption. That is precisely the view taken by Congress and the loyal people, and, if the occasion requires, will be the view which will practically prevail.

Before the end of the winter, the country is thus to be gratified in the contemplation of a completely reconstructed South, every State being at last fully restored to all its privileges and responsibilities, both Federal and local. Both Houses of Congress will be again filled after the voluntary absence of the representatives of ten States for the best part of nine years. A new decade will soon open upon a political and social situation so satisfactory in the main as to satisfy the most sanguine expectations of a glorious future for the Republic. We could wish that Virginia had entrusted her affairs to safer and wiser hands; that Republicanism in Louisiana had more back bone; and that the highest interests of the people of Tennessee were not compromised, by a schism which throws the present control of her government into the hands of an unfriendly minority. Yet we have reason to be grateful that, in that vast territory which was so lately the theatre of the most desperate conflicts between the friends and the foes of American liberty, we can now discover no other exceptions, that are incapable of a speedy remedy, to the general reign of public repose, personal security, of respect for the constituted authorities, and of the unqualified acceptance of a new and better order of things.

For a National blessing of such measureless influence upon the National future, the people of the whole Republic have to recognize the hand of Him who ruleth the nations, for He has so ordained this fruition of our loftiest hopes, leading us, by His will, to the improvement of all the instrumentalities for the accomplishment of His ends—ends which may concern the earthly destinies of all the human race.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The Evangelical Alliance in the United States, present the following revised list of topics for the Week of Prayer, differing somewhat from the British Alliance, and morefully suited to the circumstances of our country: Sabbath, Janv. 24, *Sermons*—Person and Work of the Holy Spirit, Gal. V. 20-23. Monday, 3rd. —*Personal*—Thanksgiving for individual mercies, confession of sin, and prayer for personal holiness and more entire consecration to God; service Tuesday, 4th —*National*—Prayer for the President of the United States and all in authority for peace, religious liberty and removal of political corruption, etc. Wednesday 5th—*Domestic and Social*—Prayer for parents and children, and the blessings of the Christain home, for employers and the employed; for all schools and colleges. Thursday 6th—*Christian Union*—Thanksgiving for Christian Union and prayer for its increase; for the Evangelical Alliance and for the meeting of this body at New York next fall. Friday, 7th—*The Christian Church*. Prayer for all ministers of the Word, and that the Lord would send forth more laborers; for all officers and members of Christian churches, etc., etc. Saturday 8th—*The World*—Prayer for the spread of God's Word and a pure literature in all lands; for men of commerce and science; that our civilization may be Christianized and its material resources consecrated; for Christians in heathen and idolatrous countries; for the Chinese and all immigrants in America; for missionaries and missionary and religious societies, and for the conversion of the world. Sabbath, 9th, 1 Cor. 13.

Bishop Kerfoot, of the Episcopal Diocese of Pittsburgh, will hold service at Kittanning, December 19th., fourth Sunday after Advent, and on the first Sunday after Christmas, 26th, Grace church, Mount Washington, adjoining this city, is to be consecrated.

The Advent course of sermons at St. Clement's Episcopal church, Philadelphia, commenced December 1st, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Stewart, in connection with the special choral services, have attracted considerable public attention. At the first discourse, about sixty choristers led the music. It is suggested by the Philadelphia correspondent of the *American Churchman*, that a free church service should be given every Sabbath evening for the benefit of the whole city.

The Reformed (German) General Synod, recently held in Philadelphia, discussed two or three questions of vital importance to the Church. The main question was on the liturgy, which has been a disturbing element in the Church for some time. Finally it was decided to grant the use of a new liturgy, under certain conditions. The subject of union with the (Dutch) Reformed Church, after discussion, was referred to a committee. The singular fact of the dropping of the distinctive titles, "German" and "Dutch," leave the two denominations with the same name, and much the same polity and doctrines.

A revival has been in progress the past fall in Oberlin College, which has resulted in the conversion of from one hundred to one hundred and fifty students.

A call is published for holding a convention of the Country Young Men's Christian Associations in Western Pennsylvania, at Westfield, Lawrence county, Pa., commencing Tuesday, December 14, and to continue in session until the evening of the following day. The object of the Convention is to interchange views as to the best mode of conducting these Associations and promoting the cause of Christ. Several topics of a practical character will be discussed.

The Congregational church, at Peoria, Illinois, have adopted the free seat system. The trustees have employed a novel feature to raise the current expenses, without a formal collection, namely: A box is set in the book rack of each seat. On this box is a printed card; these seats are all free, and the worship is sustained by the voluntary offerings. Casual attendants cast their gifts, and regular subscribers put their weekly sums, inclosed in envelopes, on which they write their names, into the boxes, and the treasurer after service gathers up the funds.

Rev. Charles C. Beatty, D. D., of Steubenville, Ohio, who gave so liberally to the Western Theological Seminary, Allegheny, several years ago, has contributed one thousand dollars to the Fund for the relief of Disabled Ministers and their families, as a thankoffering for the reunion of the Presbyterian Churches.

The statistics of the past year, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, shows an increase of three hundred and fifty six church edifices, an average of nearly one each day in the year. The total number of church edifices of this body is something over twelve thousand. The expenses of the Sunday Schools alone reach about half a million dollars annually.

The new St. Ann's Episcopal church, Brooklyn, N. Y., which cost three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, have just sold the pews at a premium, for choice pews, as high as seven hundred dollars.

Last Sunday evening, the Rev. W. M. Punshon, the eloquent English Wesleyan minister, and Mr. John B. Gough, attended divine service at the Allen street M. E. church, New York. At the close of the sermon, by the pastor, Rev. George Lansing Taylor, the special revival services were commenced, and Mr. Gough was invited into the chancel to "exhort," which he did, addressing the unconverted with great earnestness, and related his own experience and conversion in that church when a boy. He referred with much emotion to his backsliding afterwards and reclamation. Several penitents came to the altar, in which Mr. Gough remained, conversing with the penitents until the end of the service. Our friend, Mr. Taylor, says he never had a better Methodist exhortation in his church. Mr. Gough is a Congregationalist.

The Southern Presbyterian Presbytery, of Tuscaloosa, Alabama, have designated fifteen lay gentlemen as suitable to be appointed lay preachers and a committee to superintend their labors.

A divinity student recently said to Rev. Henry Ward Beecher: "How do you preach the doctrine of election?" "Well," was the reply, "when a man is soundly converted, I tell him he is elected. I preach that *after* the fact rather than before."

The *Christian Freeman*, the organ of the Free Will Baptists, adopts as a motto: "Free Will, Free Communion, and Free Salvation." Their ministers will baptize members of other Churches by immersion, without requiring them to join their denomination.

The American Sunday School has expended over one million five hundred thousand dollars in the prosecution of its work. To give an idea of its extent, we learn that in one district of Illinois and neighboring State it has, in the last twenty-three years, organized or aided 23,500 schools that have gathered 1,215,369 scholars, and had 172,369 teachers.

In the Spring Garden Baptist church, Philadelphia, a plan has just been inaugurated of spending twenty minutes every Wednesday evening in the practice of congregational singing.

The Directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal have decided that no more boats are to be run along it on Sunday, thus according to boatmen, lock-tenders, and all concerned, their right to the benefit of the Sabbath.

THE WHITWORTH METAL.—Great things are expected of the new Whitworth metal in England. It is iron or steel subjected to enormous pressure while in the molten state, and is said to have strength sufficient to resist any amount of steam. The pressure in the molten state is said to remove all air bubbles, which is claimed to be the great source of weakness in all metals. With it we are looking forward to see cannons that cannot burst, steam boilers to endure immense pressure, railroad wheels and axles that will not break and that will hardly wear out; besides the thousand and one purposes requiring immense strength and endurance which this valuable discovery can be made subservient.

IT is stated by the N. Y. *Evening Post* that according to the affidavit in the suit of Ramsey against the Erie Railway Company, that road possessed last year three hundred and seventy-one engines, two hundred and forty-three passenger cars, sixty baggage cars, and six thousand and forty four freight, making a total of six thousand seven hundred and fourteen engines and cars. Allowing thirty feet to each, the aggregate length would be two hundred and one thousand four hundred and twenty feet, or over thirty-eight miles.

TO PEOPLE WHO THINK FOR THEMSELVES.

At this season of the year when the human system is under heavy contributions made upon it by reason of the sudden changes of weather, it were wise in all who regard their health and happiness to betake themselves to a timely remedy. That is, if you get a cough or cold do not defer it until overburdened nature shall succumb under the inordinate load, but at once seek for relief in some sure and perfect remedy like DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE or DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP. If people, estimated at their no value, human health and life, the postponements with regard to the use of remedies would rarely occur, and instead of many of the make-believes that are often used, medicines like those of Dr. Keyser, a skilful and scientific physician of nearly half a century's experience, would take their place. You can scarcely find in the City of Pittsburgh a family, a member of which has not been benefitted by DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP or DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE. Both of these remedies are prepared with the most select and pure medicines that are to be obtained, and with a conscientious regard for the health of those who are to use them. Who does not know that to neglect a cough in the beginning is to invite along attack of sickness and peradventure an incurable disease.

We speak in all seriousness to the readers of this article, and if they will reflect over our words they will see that we have more at heart than the mere object to make by it an object which most persons will allow is not unworthy of an honorable man, but which sinks into comparative nothingness when compared to that of the health and lives of individuals.

We do not believe that the man is born who has made a better medicine for sudden coughs and colds than Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP. Its sales are daily increasing and hundreds of persons have been snatched from the jaws of death by its use.

The other day a merchant from a distance bought a quantity on the recommendation of a young man who had been cured by it. This is a frequent occurrence, and the merchants of our own vicinity could not fail to profit by his example. Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure and Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup are distinct at no distant day to assume a wide range in the treatment of all pulmonary and bronchial diseases.

To be had of most druggists and at the Doctor's Great Medicine Store, 107 Liberty street, where thorough lung examinations are made daily and advice given.

DECEMBER 10 1869.

NOTES FOR DECEMPER, ADDRESSED TO THE FEEBLE AND DEBILITATED.

This is a trying season for invalids. Indeed for all who are not blessed with robust constitutions and iron frames.

Cold has come upon us suddenly, sealing up the open pores, and *sealing* in as it were, any seeds of disease that may have been lurking in the system, but which remained undeveloped so long as the waste matter of the body and all acid and unwholesome humors were freely discharged by evaporation from the surface and through the bowels.

A tonic, aperient and alterative medicine is now needed to invigorate the vital powers depressed by a low temperature; to stimulate and purify the secretions, and to fit the body to endure without inconvenience, pain or danger, the sudden climatic change which ushers in the Winter. The only preparation we do it will fully meet this almost universal need, and will thoroughly and safely perform the important work, is the healthful, and alterative of the age, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

This popular specific improves the appetite, invigorates the digestive organs, regulates the flow of bile, purifies the blood, calms the nerves, relieves constipation, promotes superfluous secretion and evaporation, and being composed solely of wholesome vegetable elements, with pure stimulant as their diffusive vehicle, may be taken by the weakest without fear. The flavor is agreeable, for although the BITTERS are a potent medicine, they contain no nauseating element.

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE.—A Special Meeting of the COLUMBIA FIRE CO. will be held at their ENGINE HOUSE, December 20th, at 7½ o'clock P. M. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will come before the meeting. By order of

R. J. LEDLIE, President.
DAVID HOAG, Secretary. dc9 q94

☞ NOTICE TO THE CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH!

The supply pipe from the river to the vault at the Water Works is choked by drift-wood, and only one engine can be worked; therefore I would caution all consumers of water to be careful and not to use any more than is needed.

JOSEPH FRENCH.
de3 SUPERINTENDENT.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
98 Water Street.
PITTSBURGH, November 23, 1869.

☞ DIVIDEND.—The Board of DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months.

Payable free of Government Tax on and after the 30th inst.

no24:q40 JOHN H. CLANEY, Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PREMIUMS AND DIPLOMAS
AWARDED
AT
FAIRS
TO THE
AMERICAN
BUTTON-HOLE
OVERSEAMING AND FAMILY SEWING
MACHINE COMPANY
DURING THE MONTHS
OF
SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER,
1869.

The Secretary of the Herkimer County Agricultural Society, (N. Y.,) writes September 18, 1869, that "The
AMERICAN
BUTTON-HOLE, OVERSEAMING
AND
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
was awarded the
FIRST PREMIUM
at the Fair over THIRTEEN COMPETITORS, and received especial mention from the judges as being the most perfect Machine ever brought to their notice."

Monmouth County Fair, at Freehold, N. J., September 14, 1869,
FIRST PREMIUM.

Oswego County Fair, at Fulton, N. Y.,
FIRST PREMIUM.

New York State Fair, at Elmira, N. Y.,
FIRST PREMIUM.

Ramsey County Fair, St. Paul, Minn.,
FIRST PREMIUM AND DIPLOMA.

Fair at London, Canada,
THREE FIRST PREMIUMS.
1 For the American Family Machine.
1 " Plain American Machine.
1 " Braid Machine.

Wellington Union Fair, Lorain County, Ohio,
FIRST PREMIUM.

Rensselaer County Fair, N. Y.,
FIRST PREMIUM AND DIPLOMA.
Warren County Fair, Ohio,
FIRST PREMIUM FOR MACHINE.
FIRST PREMIUM
for work done on machine.

Ontario County Fair, at Canandaigua, N. Y.,
FIRST PREMIUM.

Johnson County Fair, at Edensburg, Indiana,
FIRST PREMIUM.

Hamilton County Fair, Ohio,
FIRST PREMIUM.

Fair at Cleveland, Ohio,
THE FIRST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINE

The first and highest premium was awarded to the great American Button-hole, Overseaming and Sewing Machine, by a unanimous vote of the Committee at the Cuyahoga County Fair, September 30, 1869. The Committee was composed of three strictly uninterested gentlemen, well educated in the workings of delicate machinery, and well acquainted with Sewing Machines. Their examination of all machines on exhibition was thorough and minute, and all machines were tested in every kind of sewing, and in their report they unanimously agreed that the American Button-Hole, Overseaming and Sewing Machine, was superior to all others for family use, and awarded it the highest premium. The mechanical excellence of this machine is pronounced and its operation so perfect and simple that none who see it can fail to give it the highest praise. It combines a Button-Hole, Overseaming and Sewing Machine, in one simple form, is easy to operate and understand, and is adapted to all kinds of work needed in a family.

Salzburg Exhibition, Germany,
HIGHEST AWARD.

Fair at Bath, N. Y.,
FIRST PREMIUM.

Schuyler County Fair, N. Y.,
FIRST PREMIUM.
Blairsville Fair, Pennsylvania,
FIRST PREMIUM.
Fair at Greenfield, Highland county, Ohio.
FIRST PREMIUM.

Office of the Secretary of Oswego County Agricultural Society.
SEPTEMBER 20, 1869.
This is to certify that I have examined the American Button-hole, Overseaming and Family Sewing Machine, and consider it the most perfect and practical machine ever brought to my notice. M. L. MARSHALL,
Pres't Oswego Co. Agricultural Society.

NEW ENGLAND
MECHANICS' FAIR,
GOLD MEDAL.
FAIR AT CANTON,
TAZEWELL COUNTY, ILL.,
FIRST PREMIUM,
WASHINGTON COUNTY FAIR,
AT WASHINGTON, PA.,
FIRST AND ONLY PREMIUM.
MONONGAHELA CITY FAIR,
FIRST PREMIUM.
In the Fall of
1868,
THIS UNRIVALLED MACHINE
WAS AWARDED THE
FIRST PREMIUM
WHEREVER EXHIBITED.

Office and Salesrooms,
Cor. Fifth Avenue and Market St.

FURS; FURS,
FOR
HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
AT
M'CORD & CO'S,
181 Wood St.

Will be found the Largest, Best and Cheapest Stock of Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Furs to select from in the City. All the late styles of Hats and Caps Arriving daily.

McCORD & CO.
de10:q100

Duff's College.

No. 37 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE OLDEST MERCANTILE COLLEGE IN AMERICA, and the ONLY one in which Bookkeeping in all its branches is taught from Harper & Bros. new edition of Duff's Bookkeeping, by both PRACTICAL experience.
Daily Instruction in Penmanship by WM. H. DUFF.
For our large 16 pp. quarto circular, containing full particulars, address
CHAS. P. DUFF, Secretary,
DUFF'S COLLEGE.
☞ Evening Class from 7 to 9. no11:SAF

READ! READ! READ!
CORNS
Removed in one minute, without bleeding or leaving soreness; unions and Diseased Nails Removed in a few minutes. All operations performed without pain or bloodshed.
Perfect comfort immediately!
No nol onous medicine used!
No sore feet after operating!
Enlarged and Stiff Joints treated successfully.
Frost-bite and Chilblains cured in a few days.
Satisfaction given or money refunded. Good City References given.
Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 12 M., and 1 to 5 P. M. Sundays 9 to 11 A. M.
Remember the place, No. 49 Sixth street, old St. Clair House.
Dr. D. PETERSON, Pittsburgh, Pa.
dc10:q99

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARVEY FISK. A. S. HATCH.
OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH,
Bankers and Dealers in
Government
SECURITIES.
No. 5 Nassau Street, N. Y.

NOVEMBER 8, 1869.

To our Customers and Correspondents:

The surprising development of our national resources and the rapidity with which the Government is now enabled to reduce the national debt, by weekly purchases, render it apparent that the time is approaching when the Five-Twenty bonds may be funded at not over four or four and a half per cent. interest.

Meanwhile their high price, as compared with other classes of securities, paying an equal rate of interest, is leading to general inquiry for more profitable forms of investment in which money may be safely invested.

During the war the necessities and peril of the Government, and the consequent cheapness of its securities, rendered them so attractive that, from this cause, combined with the patriotic faith of the people in their safety, they absorbed almost the entire floating capital of the country, and diverted attention from other classes of securities which had been before deemed sufficiently conservative and sound to meet the wants of the most cautious investors.

The Government is no longer a borrower. It no longer needs the country's capital, but desires gratefully and honorably to repay it.

The rapid accumulation of capital for investment, and the reduction of the national debt and improvement of the national credit—rendering it certain that hereafter but a comparatively low rate of interest can be derived from investment in Government bonds—is compelling the search for other safe and well guarded channels into which capital not employed in business may wisely flow.

The enterprises of Peace, no less needful in their time and place, for the common welfare, than were the waste and cost of War, now call for the capital which the Government no longer needs, and offer for it a remuneration which the Government need no longer pay, and in some cases a security as stable and enduring as the nation itself.

The desire to capitalize the premium which may now be realized upon Five-Twenty bonds, and which a material decline in Gold toward par, and the ability of the Government to fund them at a lower rate of interest, may at any time extinguish, is held by many holders who desire some satisfactory assurance as to which of the many low priced securities in the market would afford the necessary safety to justify an exchange.

The applications for information and advice which are addressed to us daily, show how universal is the desire for this assurance, as to what forms of investment more profitable than Government securities at present market rates, are entitled to the confidence of the investors.

The pressure of this want has led us to feel the importance of directing our own attention as bankers, our large experience and our facilities for obtaining reliable information—to the work of supplying it in some measure, and to offer the result of our inquiries to those who may be disposed to confide in our good faith and judgment.

We are unwilling to offer to our friends and the public anything which according to our best judgment is not as secure as the national obligations themselves, with which we have hitherto principally identified ourselves.

Since closing the GREAT CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD LOAN, which meets all these requirements, we have carefully examined many others but have found no other which would fully do so, until the following was placed in our hands:

FIRST MORTGAGE
Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds
OF THE
WESTERN PACIFIC R. R. CO.
OF CALIFORNIA.

The Western Pacific Railroad connecting Sacramento with San Francisco, furnishes the final link in the extraordinary fact of an unbroken line of rail from the shore of the Atlantic to that of the Pacific.

It is 150 miles in length, including a short branch, and it will be the

METROPOLITAN LINE
Of the Pacific Coast,

connecting its chief cities, and traversing the garden of the rich and growing State of California, receiving, in addition to an immense and lucrative local traffic, the through business over the Union and Central Pacific Railroads—between the Eastern States and Sacramento.

It is completed, fully equipped, and in successful operation, and its earnings in October, the first full month, amounted to $105,000 in coin. The net earnings will, by a moderate estimate, amount to $600,000 per annum, in coin, while the interest on its Bonds will be but $168,000.

The value of the property and franchises is not less than

Ten Millions of Dollars,

and the amount of the mortgage is

$2,800,000.

The Bonds are $1,000 each, have thirty years to run, and will be sold at

Ninety, and Accrued Interest,

in currency. They are made payable, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST, IN GOLD COIN, in the city of New York. Coupons due January and July 1st.

The near approach of the time when the United States can probably fund the greater portion of its Six per cent. debt, is naturally causing inquiry for other forms of investment, which will afford satisfactory security with the same rate of interest, THE WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS must have an immense advantage over all other securities based upon merely local or uncompleted railroad, and may be held with as much confidence as Government bonds, or as first-class mortgages on New York City property.

The loan is small in amount. Its claims to confidence are apparent. It will be rapidly taken. Bonds will be delivered as the orders are received.

Government Bonds received at their full market value in exchange.

FISK & HATCH.
BANKERS.

We buy and sell Government Bonds and receive the accounts of Banks, Bankers, Corporations and others, subject to check at sight, and allow interest on daily balances.

S. M'CLEAN & CO.,
AGENTS.
No. 75 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
no20:q78.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SATURDAY, DEC. 11, 1869.
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
Will be Offered
MANY GOOD BARGAINS,
SUCH AS
At 12 1-2c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin.
At 12 1-2c., 4-4 Unbleached Muslin.
At 8 1-3c., Dark Calicos.
At 10c., Good Dark Calicoes.
At 12 1-2c., Good Dark Delaines, good styles and quality.
At 87 1-2c., Black Waterproof Cloth.
At 12 1-2c., Barred Flannel.
At 18 3-4c., All-wool Scarlet Flannel.
At 45c. each Men's Undershirts and Drawers.
At $1.50 each, Ladies' Embossed Cloth Skirts.
Ladies' and Gents' Gloves,
Ladies' Fancy Scarfs,
Misses' Woolen Scarfs,
Men's Woolen Scarfs,
Hosiery, Notions, &c., &c.,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
GENERAL
REDUCTIONS
TO CLOSE THE
ENTIRE STOCK!!
BATES & BELL
OFFER THEIR
Choice Selected Stock of
Dress Goods,
Shawls,
Silks,
Cloaks,
Blankets,
Velvets,
VERY LOW PRICES
To Reduce the Stock.
de11
DILWORTH, HARPER & CO.
243 LIBERTY STREET,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
100 Barrels "Perfection" Drips,
The finest ever brought to this market.
55 BARRELS N. O. MOLASSES,
CHOICE NEW CROP.
25 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR,
PRIME YELLOW CLARIFIED.
To which they Invite the Attention of the Trade.
de2

F WLER & WELLS, at Lafayette Hall, Examinations, with charts and full written descriptions, day and evening for a few days. What to do and how to make the most of time and talent explained. de10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SATURDAY, DEC. 11, 1869.
New Dry Goods
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

One Case Fashionable Green and Blue Poplin Plaid.
Plaid and Striped Delaines in beautiful styles.
Heavy Corded Poplins, all colors.
Black and Colored Velveteens.
Plaid and Striped Shawls.
Gored Cloth Skirts.
Heavy Cloaking Cloths.
Cassimeres and Jeans.
Blankets and Coverlids.
Heavy Country Flannels
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S.
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

JUST OPENED
BY
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
Woolen Goods,
SCARFS, MITTS, HOODS, SHAWLS, and WRISTLETS, SACQUES, LEGGINGS,
HOSIERY.
All sizes and qualities WOOL AND MERINO RIBBED BALMORAL.
TARTAN AND FANCY STRIPED,
FLEECED COTTON,
GENTS' WOOL AND MERINO ½ HOSE,
SHAKER KNIT SOCKS.
GLOVES,
REAL BUCK GLOVES AND MITTS,
FUR TOPPED K. D.
WOOL KNIT GLOVES AND MITTS,
CLOTH, BERLIN LINED & SILK GLOVES,
GENTS' DRIVING GLOVES,
LADIES', MISSES AND BOYS' GLOVES of all kinds,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
Wholesale Rooms up Stairs.
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

LATEST OIL STRIKE.
JUSTICE!
LIBERTY!
ECONOMY!
AND
FREE TRADE!
To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared, and exhibited to the public by
S. C. TRAUERMAN.
The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortable as not to abridge the freedom of his motion. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.
To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at
S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.
FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.
LOOK AT THE PRICES.
Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
$00 suits, linen, at $

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,
NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Martland,
Wm. J. Shannon, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Lorch, Wm. Floyd,
John Floyd.
This Bank is now fully organized and prepared for the general Banking business.
jan14:d

GOLD,
SILVER AND COUPONS,
Bought at Highest Prices.
PH. R. MERTZ, Banker,
Cor. Wood St. and 5th Avenue
m16

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood St.,
BANKERS,
Buy and sell all kinds of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.
☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Dec. 10, 1869.

Gold was rather weak this morning at from 122¾ to 123, but soon rallying, it closed at 123⅝, strong. The cause assigned for the sudden decline is the low rate for exchange on bond bills and the increased demand for our securities abroad.

Government bonds were strong all day with an advancing tendency, closing very firm. The prospects now for Government bonds are for as high quotations as they ever attained, and if a 4½ per cent. bond is to sell at par, a 6 per cent. bond is worth 120.

Stocks were very dull and lower during the most part of the day, closing, however, at advanced rates, and a brisk demand for all shares.

Money is extremely scarce for commercial paper, and high rates are offered for four months paper, although on call money is easy. Business remains dull and inactive.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz, gold, 123¾; Silver, 120; Eighty-one's, 120½; Five Twenties, 1862, 115½; do 1864, 113½; do 1865, 113¼; do 1865, Consols, 115⅜; do do 1867, 116¼; do 1868, 115⅝; Ten Forties, 110½; Adams Express Company 60; Merchants Union Express Company, 95½; American Express Company, 40¾; Western Union Telegraph, 34½; Reading, 100¼; New York Central, 90½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 87½; Ohio & Mississippi, 26; Michigan Southern, 86¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 82; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, 107¾; Chicago & North Western, 72¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred 84¼; Erie, 26½.

EXCHANGE.	*Large.*	*Small.*
London, per £	$6.08	$6.15
Paris, francs	23½	25
Berlin, thaler	91½	93
Frankfort, florins	52¾	54¾

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 123⅝; United States Sixes, 1881, 120½; Five-Twenties, 1862, 115¼; do 1864, 113½; do 1865, 113¼; Ten-Forties, 110; Five-Twenties, June and July, 1865, 115¾; do. do. 1867, 116½; do. do. 1868, 115⅞; Union Pacific Railroad, 86; Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, 109½; Lake Superior 96.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, December 10, 1869.

Money quiet and easy at 6@7, mostly the former. Sterling dull at 8⅝@8¾, with a good supply of cotton and bond bills. Gold animated; opened at 123, fell to 122¾, and closed at 123⅝. Clearances thirty million.

Governments active and higher, closing strong: Coupons of 1881, 120⅝@120¾; do '62, 115¼@115¾; do '64, 113¾@113⅝; do '65, 113⅜@113⅝; do new, 116¼@116¾; do '67, 116¾@116¾; do '68, 116¼@116¾; Ten-forties, 109¾@110⅛; Pacific-6s, 96@96¼. The Government sold one million gold at 122 76-100@123.

State bonds firm: Missouris 89¾, old Tennessees 49, do new 42½, old Virginias 48¾, do new 54, old North Carolinas 42¾.

Stocks higher, with increased activity in leading shares. The features were Reading, Northwest, St. Paul, Rock Island and Lake Shore. The market closed strong; miscellaneous firmer and express steady.

Stocks firm: Canton, 57¾; Cumberland, 26½; Western Union, 35; Quicksilver, 17¼; Mariposa, 7¾; do preferred, 16; Adams Express, 60; Wells Fargo, 117½; American, 40¾; United States, 50¾; Pacific Mail, 62¾; New York Central consolidated, 91¾; Erie, 26¾; do preferred, 45½; Harlem, 134½; Hudson River consolidated, 83¾; Reading, 100¾; Michigan Central, 122; Lake Shore, 86¾; Illinois Central, 134; Pittsburgh, 82¾; Northwestern, 73; preferred, 84¾; Rock Island, 107¼; St. Paul, 74¾; preferred 86¾; Wabash, 57¾; preferred, 70; Ft. Wayne, 89½; Terre Haute, 29½; Chicago and Alton, 143½; preferred, 142½ Ohio and Mississippi, 26½.

Mining Shares dull.

Boston prices: Calumet 50; Hecla 75; Quincy 195.

Sub Treasury balances $91,478,457.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Dec. 10, 1869.

There is nothing in the character or tone of the markets, in a general way, worthy of special notice. We can report a continued steady demand for most of the leading articles, and a fair volume of business in the aggregate, while in regard to values there are no essential changes.

Those of our commission merchants who make a specialty of produce, such as butter, eggs, apples, potatoes, &c., are having a fair run of business, but dealers in flour and grain, who operate on their own account, complain bitterly of business being very dull, and they have good reasons therefor. Margins are so cut down that there is no inducement to invest money, particularly when it has so hard to get, and no promise of any return. Many of our merchants could better by loaning their money on bond and mortgage at 10 or 12 per cent; this is as much or more than they can realize in following up their respective branches of trade, but as a general thing they would rather be engaged in active business.

APPLE BUTTER—Quoted at 75@85.

APPLES—The demand continue light and the market is dull though prices are unchanged, at $2@3 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is quiet and rather dull but unchanged; we continue to quote at 30@35 for fair to prime, and 36@37 for choice.

BROOM CORN—Sales at 12@14 cts.

BEANS—In fair demand with sales at $2.50@3.00 for fair to good and, $3¼ for choice.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—4@4¼ cts.

CHESTNUTS—Quoted at $5.

CRANBERRIES—Quoted at $12@15 per bbl, as to quality and condition.

CIDER—Scarce and quiet, and market dull; we continue to quote $6@8 per bbl.

CHEESE—Is quoted from 17 to 18 for Western Reserve; 19 for Factory; 20 for Ohio and 21 for New York Goshen.

CARBON OIL—Is in fair demand but unchanged; 29@30.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples in steady demand and limited supply; we continue to quote at 8@8¼. Peaches dull at 9 for quarters, and 10½@11¼ for halves.

EGGS—Sales of fresh packed at 38@40.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged—supply in store larger than usual, and receipts continue liberal. We continue to quote at $5,50@6 per bbl.

FEATHERS—In better demand and higher, and we now quote at 50@60 for the trade and the usual advance for small lots in store.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged at $1,18@1,18. Dealers find it hard work to advance the price of Oats and some, who in the early part of the week asked 50 cts, have since sold at 48 and 49c. Corn is scarce and in demand with sales of new at 75c and old at $1,00. Rye is firmer and in better demand, and we quote it firm at $1,00, with a sale of a car load reported at $1,05. Barley is quiet and unchanged.

HAY—Is not coming so freely in consequence of the bad condition of the road, and prices are higher, ranging from $16 to $24 per ton.

HOGS—Sales of dressed Hogs at 12@14 cts—mainly at 12¼@13.

HUSKS—Sales at 3 cents per pound.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,00@6,50 per bbl.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $2@2.25 per bbl.

ONIONS—Sales at $2,50@3,00 per bbl, the outside figure for choice.

LARD OIL—Firm at $1.50 for Extra No. 1.

POULTRY—Demand more active and market firmer; we now quote dressed Chickens at 12@14 cts, and dressed Turkeys at 19@20.

POTATOES—May be quoted on track at 50 cts. in bulk, and 55c sacked.

PEANUTS—Quoted at 9@10 cts.

PEAS—Dull; $2,50 per bushel.

PROVISIONS—Bacon Shoulders, at 17; and Sugar Cured Hams, at 23. Lard is firmer and higher, and we now quote at 19½ in tierces, and 20¾@21 in pails.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is quoted at $8,25@8,50. Flax Seed can be sold at $2,25, but no higher. No demand for Timothy.

SALT—Is dull, and Allegheny River brands are quoted at $1,80 by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

STRAW—Sales at $12 per ton.

WHISKY—Highwines quoted at $1,03@$1,05; Rectified $1,05; and Proof, do, $1,15.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 10, 1869.

The oil market continues dull and unsettled and what is worse still there is but little prospect at present of any immediate improvement. As noted yesterday, the time and attention of the trade generally is absorbed in making deliveries and settlements, and there is no disposition manifested to enter into new negotiations this year at least until the old ones have been pretty generally adjudicated. In addition, refiners, cannot in the present condition of the market, do anything, even if so disposed, from the fact that there is no inducement to either buy or sell, as there is no margin; crude continues much higher relatively than refined, and some of them who had sold refined ahead, have bought to cover, and are now selling their crude, and they are making money by so doing. It does not look well to see a manufacturer pursuing such a course, but in the present state of affairs, it is the best thing they can do. Those of our refiners who neither bought crude nor sold refined ahead, will be obliged to "shut, down," suspend operations, and that some of them have done this already is evident from the material falling off in the exports east recently.

CRUDE.

The crude market was more active, at least the sales reported were larger than usual in the aggregate, though many of them were Settlements. Following is the report of sales:

1,000 bbls	seller December	15¾
1,300 "	spot	15¾
2,000 "	spot	16
1,000 "	seller December	15¾
1,000 "	spot	15¾
1,000 "	seller Dec., (40 to 45)	15¾

REFINED.

Tee refined market, also, was dull and weak, and compared with yesterday, prices are lower. Sale of two lots of 1,000 each for December, at 32½, and, subsequently, 2,000 at 32. Late in the afternoon, 31¾ was bid and 32 asked. Antwerp remains unchanged at 61¾.

—Since the above was put in type we have 500 each January and February at 32 and 1,000 March, at 32½. It was also rumored that there had been a sale at 15½, and that during the day 10,000 bbls had been offered at the same figure. Later still, the sale of 1,000 bbls at 15½, is confirmed. Market closed weak.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Peerless oil Works 480 bbls, on account Parker, Thompson & Co; Brilliant Oil Works 400, on account Lockhart, F. & Co; Fisher Bro. 886, on account Fisher Bro; Standard Oil Co. 972, on account Fisher Bro;

Total.....2,738 bbls.

SHIPMENTS OF OIL BY A. V. R. R.

J. M. Riter, 50 bbls refined to W. Blair, Harrisburg.

J. M. Riter 100 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

McKelvey Bros., 250 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bro., Philadelphia.

Forsyth Bro. & Co. 156 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Keystone Oil Works 200 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 130 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweedle, 50 bbls ref. oil to M. R. George, Phil'a.

Total.....1,005 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST DUQUESNE DEPOT.

A. D. Mills 155 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

Hutchinson Oil & Refining Co. 20 bbls ref. to E. B. Hubley, Phila.

Total.....175 bbls

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 10, 1869.

The metal market has been very dull during the past week, unusually so, and as buyers generally are holding off and holders are anxious to realize, material concessions have been made in some instances to effect sales. This is more especially the case in regard to eastern irons, which are arriving freely, more so than usual, in consequence of a falling off in the demand in the east, caused by dressed hogs, Hippley & Beckert: 5 cars cooperage, J M Hemphill: 1 car flaxseed, M H Suydam: 3 cars metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon: 5 cases tobacco, Schmidt: 1 car barley, Gilmore, Straub & Co: 12 dressed hogs, Chas Warner: 1 car wheat, W McKee & Co: 5 pkgs pearl barley, 4 do farina, 1 do oat meal, Moon Bro: 1 keg pearl barley, 1 bbl oat meal, Jas Lockhart: 4 bbls eggs, John Herbert: 1 car ore, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell: 1 car lumber, Smith & Creswell.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, December 10—17 hides, J Eisenbeis; 5 dressed hogs, W Hoffman; 5 do do, J Hoffmann; 7 bxs cheese, W Stewart; 6 dressed hogs, Bruggerman & Co: 1 car metal, Nimick & Co: 10 sks b flour; 3 bbls onions, Dilworth B & Co; 1 pkg butter, L J Blanchard: 6 hides, Seibert & Berg: 3 bbls onions, 4 dressed hogs, Voigt, Mahood & Co: 18 sks rye, 20 do oats, Scott & Gisal: 24 do do, J Crothers: 15 bbls apples, W Caldwell: 6 dressed hogs, Thos Donnelly: 60 bbls tar, W P Logan Bro. 25 sks potatoes, John Campbell.

RIVER NEWS.

Upper Rivers.

(By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.)

GREENSBORO, December 10.—River on a stand, with four and a half feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy and raining. Thermometer 42 at 6:25 P. M.

BROWNSVILLE, December 10.—River stationary with five feet in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 28 at 40 P. M.

OIL CITY, December 10.—River falling slowly with twenty feet water in channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 38 at6 P. M.

MORGANTOWN, December 10.—River stationary, with thirty inches water in channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 44 at 4 P. M.

The river continues to recede steadily with 5 feet 6 inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather has again turned soft and the indications last evening were favorable for rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. 42.

There has been no arrivals since the date of our last report. The Kate Putnam from New Orleans, and the St. Charles from Cincinnati were due last night, and will be found in port this morning.

The R. C. Gray departed for St. Louis about noon yesterday with an excellent trip, with her guards almost dragging in the water. Pilots—James Whitten and Harvey Allen.

The Sallie, it was expected, would get off for New Orleans last night provided she could get all her freight on board. Pilots—Nick Whitten and Geo. Hughes.

The St. Charles, Capt. Chas. A. Dravo, is the regular packet for New Orleans to-day, leaving at 4 P. M. She is in all respects the largest and finest steamer that comes to this port, and, therefore, offers superior inducements to passengers. Mr. Geo. L. Reppart is in charge of the office.

The Mollie Ebert, Capt. G. W. Ebert, is announced for New Orleans, and will be the first boat cut.

C. L. Brennan's new Pittsburgh and Parkersburgh packet will be launched at Freedom to-day.

The Camelia departed for Nashville Thursday night with a fair trip, including quite a number of passengers.

The Belle, Capt. John Ritchie, is the irregular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving at noon.

—While the Glasgow, Pittsburgh to Nashville, was discharging some heavy sionas at Franklin Landing, fifteen miles above Portsmouth, for the Cumberland Furnace in Tennessee, on Monday, three of the deck hands, two colored, and one white, had legs broken by a heavy stone precipitated from the bank falling upon them. Every possible attention was given the unfortunate men by the officers of the boat, and on arrival at Cincinnati, they were sent to the Marine Hospital. The white man, named Wm. Whitsides, is at home in Louisville, and the two colored men, Ellis Morgan and Wm. Winters, belong to Cincinnati.

—A dispatch from Memphis says: Efforts are being made by the merchants here to increase the stock of the Arkansas River Packet Company to 100,000. The $70,000 yet to effect this is being rapidly taken, in order to secure to Memphis the trade from that river now going to Cincinnati and St. Louis.

—The local inspectors at Cincinnati have suspended the licenses of Philip Doddridge, and that of Thomas Jones, for causing the collision between the steamers Camelia and Annie Laurie, in November last. Dorsey was on the Camelia and Doddridge on the Annie Laurie.

—The Aleona was announced to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Thursday. She is a general boat—business must be getting dull down there.

—The Glasgow, Pittsburgh to Nashville, left Cincinnati on Wednesday with about 400 tons. Pilots—Gardner and Kirkpatrick.

—Capt. Wm. Dean, of this city, was on change in Cincinnati on Wednesday.

—The Maggie Hays, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, was at Cairo on Wednesday.

—The Hawkeye State left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

—The Lorena is loading at Cincinnati for New Orleans.

—The Glendale arrived at St. Louis on Wednesday.

—The Messenger was at Cairo on Wednesday.

RIVER PACKETS.

MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The fine passenger steamer MOLLIE EBERT, ... Capt. G. W. EBERT, Clerk S. Pepgard, will leave for the above and intermediate ports THIS DAY, December 11, at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to JAMES COLLINS, GUHRET & FOSTER, dell FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The steamer SALLIE ..... Capt. T. S. CALHOUN, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports THIS DAY, December 11, at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. dc3

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI WEEK-DAY PACKET.—The elegant steamer MOLLIE EBERT, ... Capt. G. W. EBERT, Leaves Pittsburgh, SATURDAY, 4 P. M. Leaves Cincinnati, MONDAY, 4 P. M. The new and splendid side-wheel Passenger Steamer, SAM. CHARLES, C. A. DRAVO, Commander, George L. Reppert, Clerk, will leave as announced. For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. dc3

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.
THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the new and splendid iron screws
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF LONDON,
CITY OF LONDON.
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,
143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

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ELEGANT PAPER HANGINGS.

Enameled Wall Papers in plain tints impervious to soot and smoke. Vermillion grounds with gold and bronzed figures. DECALCOMANIE VETS, INDIA TAPESTRY, GREEK PANELS stamped and printed in gold.
Newly imported and not to be found elsewhere in the country. For sale at
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street.
se11

DECORATIONS.—In Wood, Marble and Fresco imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.
jly27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.
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COTTON MILLS

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
BRYETTINGS AND BATTING.

NE PLUS ULTRA MINCED MEAT.—We keep none but Wright's genuine Spiced Minced Meat, free from cores and parings, and prepared with the utmost care especially for family use. For sale by the barrel, firkin or pound, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW.
des Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

KEELER'S STANDARD SCALES, 38 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH. SCRANTON CLEVELAND.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digested and turns to good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased and ulcerated tubercles in the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.
To the truth of this statement Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for which the pleurisy or matter in ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has gained the battle before he knows it.
To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.
Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon well red: the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison, very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and stir up the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.
Liver complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.
Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation of souring in the stomach.
The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop colds, stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.
Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. In the cure of Coughs, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.
If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, and have tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are in a state of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest well, and as digestion is good, pulling the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.
When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are to be used, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.
Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, when he was having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the above named medicines, and since then many thousands, similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with remarkable success. Full directions accompany each bottle, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, but patients with their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday. Where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 34 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 33 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination of the condition of the lungs the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. Sold by all druggists. my9:lyll-d&F

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. His many cases daily arriving from self-abuse, producing emissions, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, &c., and all cases of syphilis are cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing diseases are especially and positively invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled Dr. Whittier to cure all cases that are curable, and which is most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and lodging for patients from a distance requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed Turkish bath. Can be had at all hours. Consultation free. Read what he says in his pamphlet of 60 pages, and if you cannot call, send a stamp in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the United States. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House), Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for two stamps. se2

☞ CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS, &c.—Astonishing and almost miraculous cures of Cancer are being daily made by Drs. R. H. KLINE & CO., at the Philadelphia Cancer Infirmary, 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Penn., and the branch of same at Nashville, Tennessee under Dr. DALTON, 146 Elm St., Cincinnati Ohio. The treatments used are Cancer Antidotes, the most scientific and successful known in the civilized world. They are not caustic, eating or burning medicines. They give little or no pain. They are endorsed by the best surgeons of the Age. No other persons have these antidotes. No other treatment should be used. For particulars call or address as above. no8:d30 TTHS

☞ MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED—Just Published, in a sealed envelope, price 6 cts., a lecture on the NATURE, TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M.D., Author of the Book of Nature, &c. Over fifty thousands of sufferers have been cured. Sent under seal, in plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of 6 cts., or two postage stamps. Address DR. CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box 4586. Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. d&w

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"CHERRY PECTORAL TROCHES," FOR COLDS, COUGHS, SORE THROAT AND BRONCHITIS.

None so good. None so pleasant. None Cure so Quick. RUSHTON & CO., 10 Astor House, New York.

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This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable; instantaneous. No disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. All others are mere imitations and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:d&f

☞ THE HEALING POGL.—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN who have fallen into vicious habits, and now desire a higher life, and who desire to be cured, with certain means of relief for the afflicted. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address DR. HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Penna. se20:m&f

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my24:m97

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my15

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ap18:n89

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CANDIES!! CANDIES!!
Over 100 Kinds,
STRICTLY RELIABLE.
At prices to compare with any, at
112 *FEDERAL STREET,*
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GEORGE BEAVEN.
no27:qu4-TTHS

IN COMMEMORATION OF THE Battle in front of Richmond, December 10 1864, where Capt. R. GALLISATH sustained the loss of his left, he will celebrate the day by giving a first-class
DEER AND OYSTER LUNCH,
At his saloon, Military Hall, No. 65 DIAMOND STREET, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY NEXT. A special invitation to the members of the G. A. R. and those participating in Drummer Boy of Shiloh, is respectfully extended. de8:qu4

FINANCIAL.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
Wood St., cor. Second Avenue.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
Gold, Coupons, Bonds and Stocks
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
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oc8:d&F CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

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57 MARKET STREET.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
Stocks, Bonds and other Securities
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

United States Securities.
HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Corner Fourth and Wood Streets,
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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
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CITY BANK.
112 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
CAPITAL, $100,000.
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Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.
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jel:15 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

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Of Pittsburgh,
Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business.
Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.
Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.
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AND DEALERS IN
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Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin street.
Philadelphia Office—137 WALNUT ST.
ap17:w6

WARING & KING,
Commission Merchants and Brokers in
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PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,
Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,
133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.
ap10

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.
HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.
Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil,
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special oil for locomotive valve chambers.
Locomotive Engine Machine Shop,
Will suit cold cars.
Sawmill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted to any speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil Tanners' Stuff- Benzoline, and Finishing Gasoline, Oil, Harness Oil.
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.
The products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and will not chill in the coldest weather. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at sharpsburg Bridge.

CARBOLIC SALVE.
The important discovery of the CARBOLIC ACID as a CLEANSING, PURIFYING, and HEALING Agent is one of the most remarkable results of modern medical research. During the late civil war it was extensively used in the Hospitals, and was found to be not only a thorough disinfectant, but also the most wonderful and speedy HEALING REMEDY ever known.
It is now presented in a scientific combination with other soothing and healing agencies, in the form of a SALVE; and, having been already used in numberless cases with most satisfactory and beneficial results, we have no hesitation in offering it to the public as the most certain, rapid, and effectual remedy for all Sores and Ulcers, no matter of how long standing, for Burns, Cuts, Wounds, and every AFFASION of SKIN or FLESH, and for Skin diseases generally.
Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.
JOHN F. HENRY, Sole Prop'r,
NO. 8 COLLEGE PLACE, New York.

1854
SEWARD'S
COUGH CURE
A Safe and Speedy Cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Don't neglect a severe Cough, or throw away money on a worthless medicine.
PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE
Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.
Wholesale Agents—SCHWARTZ & HAZLETT.

TRADE MARK.
DITHRIDGE'S
FIRE-PROOF
Lamp
CHIMNEYS.
10:e26

IRON AND STEEL.

DUQUESNE WORKS.
COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,
Manufacturers of
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
AXLES AND SPRINGS,
DUQUESNE, LX AND JUNIATA,
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP SHEET AND SLANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGER, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
TAN FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads.
CAR BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH.
SPRING PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL.
STEEL WINGS AND MOULD, Scarf to patent STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE is furnished in the city for six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.

Six persons were jailed by Mayor Brush yesterday morning.

We have received from the publisher, A. Winch, Philadelphia, a copy of the Old Franklin Almanac, for 1870.

True Bill Found.—The Grand Jury found a true bill yesterday morning against Thos. J. Campbell, charged with the murder of his wife.

Assault and Battery.—Officer Johnson of Depot Police, yesterday made information before the Mayor charging Fred Diffenbaugh with assault and battery. A warrant was issued.

Released.—W. J. Robinson was yesterday released from the county jail, where he had been committed in default of bail on several criminal charges, having procured the required $6,000 bail.

Ignored.—The Grand Jury ignored the bill against William O'Rourke, who was charged with the murder of a companion at O'Neil's Coal Works, and the prisoner was discharged by proclamation.

Dr. Dowling, who was expected to lecture before many of our citizens last Tuesday, we are happy to learn will lecture next Tuesday the 14th inst. and will deliver his lecture in Lafayette Hall.

Family Jars.—Mrs. Louisa K ler made information yesterday before Justice Ammon against her husband, Xavier Keller, for surety of peace, alleging that he threatened her. He was arrested and held for a hearing.

Waved a Hearing.—Wm. Lynch, of the Phœnix saloon, Allegheny, not Lantz, as printed yesterday, arrested on a charge of maintaining a gambling house, waved a hearing before Mayor Drum, and gave bail for court.

Fearful.—Catharine Duffay yesterday alleged before Alderman McMaster, that her husband, Philip, threw her out of the house and threatened to make her "like Mrs. Campbell." The Alderman issued a warrant for Philip's arrest.

Surety of the Peace.—Louis Vetter made information before Justice Heisel yesterday against James Deithrew for surety of the peace. It is alleged that he abused defendant and wife, and threatened to whip them. Warrant issued.

Preaching.—Rev. D. B. Willson will preach to morrow (Sabbath) in the Reformed Presbyterian Church on Sandusky street, one square above Ohio. He will be remembered he was elected pastor of this congregation last April, but subsequently declined.

Yesterday U. S. Deputy Marshal Campbell, of Greene county, procured an order from the U. S. Court of this city for the release of James Roach, who has spent the last few days with Warden Scandrett, awaiting trial on a charge of illicit distilling. He was taken back to Greene county.

Religious.—The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in the U. P. congregation of Braddock's Fields to-morrow. Already ten persons have been added to the communion roll. The congregation seems to be flourishing under the ministrations of the pastor elect, Rev. Dr. Easton.

Again Postponed.—Yesterday morning a second hearing took place before Alderman McMasters in the case of Jennie Rodgers, charged with keeping a bawdy house. The case proceeds slowly. Several witnesses were examined, but nothing specific arrived at, and the case was postponed for a third hearing on Monday.

The Rev. B. F. Brooke will preach a sermon at Christ Episcopal Church, Allegheny city, on Sunday evening, Dec. 12th, at 7 o'clock. Subject—"Woman's Relation to the Work of the Church." The discourse will be founded on Mark XIV, 3—9, showing how woman's work is "misconstrued and the Master's interpretation of it.

Newspapers to be Consolidated.—The *United Presbyterian* of this city has purchased the *Christian Instructor*, of Philadelphia, and the two papers will be consolidated on and after the first of January next. This will give the *United Presbyterian* one of the largest weekly circulations out of New York, as it will be the only weekly in the body.

Lib. 1.—M. S. Quay, of the Beaver *Radical*, made information before Alderman Nesper, Thursday evening, charging C. D. Brigham and R. D. Thompson, of the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, with libel. The alleged libel was the publication in the *Commercial* of the 9th inst. of an extract from a letter in the Beaver *Argus*, with editorial comments. The accused were held for a hearing.

Assault and Battery.—Eva Danton made information before Justice Heisel, yesterday, charging Mina Ruffington with assault and battery. Eva appears was in search of her daughter, who had mysteriously disappeared from home, and called at Mina's house and for her, when she alleges that Mina caught her by the neck and ejected her forcibly from the premises. Warrant issued.

For New Orleans.—W. T. Bown, Merchandise Broker, will leave for New Orleans Monday next, and give his attention to purchasing Louisiana sugars and molasses. *All* business entrusted to him will receive his best attention.

Address letters in care of Phelps & Co., New Orleans.

For daily markets and other information apply at office 171 Wood street, corner Sixth avenue.

Cross Suits.—Officer John B. Sarber made information before Alderman McMasters yesterday against J. and Wilhelmina Kienk, charging them with interfering with him in the discharge of his duty while he attempted to make a levy on the goods in their saloon, Seventh ward, Allegheny. Warrants were issued. In the meantime Justice Eggers received the information of Jno. Kline against the officer for assault and battery, upon which a warrant was issued.

Happy Family.—Yesterday Alderman Moreland received the information of Edward Haney against his brother John for surety of the peace. John, it is alleged, threatened to blow his brother's brains out. Edward's wife also made information before the same magistrate against John for larceny as bailee. He is charged in this instance with breaking into the house and carrying off a lot of queensware which he had pledged as security for a debt. Warrants were issued for John's arrest.

Rev. Geo. P. Hays, the gifted and popular Pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, is now preaching a series of Sabbath evening discourses on the "Harmony of Established Science with the Teachings of the Bible."

These sermons are marked by much intellectual research, great force and beauty of illustration, and an unusual degree of power and fervor of delivery.

The public are manifesting their appreciation of them, and their estimation of this eloquent young Divine, by filling the Central Church to its fullest capacity.

The subject of discourse for to morrow evening, December 12th, is the "Testimony of Astronomy to the Greatness of God.

Serious Accident

Yesterday evening about five o'clock a serious accident occured on Fifth avenue near Van Braam street, by which a lady, whose name we were unable to learn, was seriously injured. Gilbert McMasters, Esq., was riding a spirited horse which became unmanageable, started to run away with him, and when crossing Van Braam street the lady referred to attempted to cross the avenue in front of the horse and was knocked down and run over. She was removed to her residence in the Sixth ward and medical aid summoned.

Meetings of Presbyteries.

A special meeting of the Monongahela Presbytery of the United Presbyterian Church, will be held at the First Church, Fifth avenue, on Monday the 13th inst., at two o'clock, P. M. We understand that the object of the meeting is to take action upon a call from the Sixth Church, (East Liberty), addressed to Rev. R. B. Ewing, of Monmouth, Illinois.

The U. P. Presbytery of Butler, will [illegible] the borough of Butler, on the [illegible] of January, prox., to be [illegible] mon by the Rev. John [illegible] ening, on the subject, [illegible] eased wife's sister [illegible] on of Scripture, [illegible] h?" [illegible] Westmore[illegible] fields on [illegible] pose [illegible] as [illegible]

THE COURTS.

United States Court—Judge McCandless.

FRIDAY Dec. 10.—The Grand Jury returned a true bill against Wm. Portens, indicted for having in his possession and passing counterfeit national currency. True bills were also found against the following persons indicted for violation of the revenue law: Geo. W. Jones, two cases, John South, two cases, Wm. Brittain, Jas. S. Duphy, two cases, John Huntman, Thos. McFarland, Archibald McFarland, James Pancoast, Eugene J. Ruffee, two cases, T. S. Hall, Geo. K. Bain, Geo. W. Browning, B. Wygant, Wm. Leonard, Lewis Molby.

The grand and traverse jurors were discharged from further attendance and court adjourned finally.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

FRIDAY, December 10.—Court met at 10 A. M., when the case of Johnson-Smith, breach of promise case, was resumed.

Counsel for plaintiff recalled Mrs. Johnson, the plaintiff, for the purpose of further rebutting defendant's testimony. Her testimony was as follows:

It is not true that I had a fight with Mrs. Harrison; Mrs. Hanson did say something to lawyer Brown; I did not hear him say anything about it; I had no quarrel with her; I never used such language in reference to Halligan as that attributed to me by Amos Hickman; I never owned a pistol; the money paid in the former breach of promise case was not paid under fear of being shot; defendant never saw a pistol in my possession, and I never threatened to shoot him in order to force a settlement of the former case; he proposed the settlement himself.

Did you not pay M. B. Brown, Esq., an attorney fee of $50 in this case. (Defendant's counsel objected. Objection sustained by the Court.)

Cross examination.—You say Mr. Smith proposed to settle?

He did not propose to settle until after suit was brought and the Sheriff of Chicago had a warrant for his arrest.

In chief.—Was not that $1250 paid to you by Mr. Smith in satisfaction of a former writ?

It was; it has nothing to do with this suit.

Counsel for defendants here showed the witness a record from the Superior Court of Cook county, Illinois, in a former writ of breach of promise, and asked whether she had made an affidavit therein contained. The witness answered that she did make the affidavit at the time of bringing the former suit.

The record was then offered in evidence. Plaintiff's counsel objected and objection sustained.

Plaintiff's counsel then offered the deposition of Emily Radebaugh taken by'a Commissioner at Chicago. Witness knew Amy Johnson; knew her reputation for chastity; it was good; the character of her house was good; the reputation of Mrs. Johnson for chastity is now good.

Deposition of *Annie Goerte* was next offered. Live in Chicago. Am acquainted with Amy Johnson. The character of her house was good. Her reputation for chastity and virtue is now and always was good.

Mrs. E. A. Bradway was the next deponent. Was acquainted with Amy Johnson and have seen Mr. Smith. Knew character of the house kept by plaintiff at 901 Michigan street. It was good, and the neighbors spoke well of her, outside of the Smith matter. Mrs. Johnson's reputation for chastity and virtue is good.

The deposition of *Mary Darwell* was next read. Live with my husband in Chicago. Know the parties in this suit. Know Mrs. Johnson's reputation for chastity; it is good.

The deposition of Peter E. Haines was next offered. Defendant's couns l objected. Objection overruled and deposition admitted.

I know Amy Johnson. Her reputation for virtue and chastity is good. Know Addie Hanson, a witness in this case. She is my wife. I never stated to her what she testifies to relative to Mrs Johnson. Know Mrs. Johnson's reputation for chastity; it is good.

The deposition of Peter E. Haines was next offered. Defendant's couns l objected. Objection overruled and deposition admitted.

I know Amy Johnson. Her reputation for virtue and chastity is good. Know Addie Hanson, a witness in this case. She is my wife. I never stated to her what she testifies to relative to Mrs Johnson. Know Mrs. Johnson's reputation for chastity; it is good.

Mary A. Burns—Live in Chicago, Know Amy A. Johnson. Her reputation for charity is good.

William Smith—Live in Chicago. Know Amy A. Johnson. Her reputation for chastity and virtue are good.

Ella Smith—Live in Chicago. Know the defendant. Her reputation for chastity and virtue is good. Know Addie Hanson, a witness in this case. Her reputation for truth and veracity are bad. Know Fanny Thompson. Her reputation for truth and veracity are bad.

Plaintiffs rest.

Defendents offer in evidence the record before referred to. Plaintiff's counsel objected. Objection sustained and the testimoney here closed.

Plaintiff's Counsel submitted the following points to the Court.

First—Improper conduct of the plaintiff before the promise, if known to defendent, does not discharge the contract.

Second—Improper conduct of plaintiff in which defendent participated should not be considered in diltegation of damages.

The case was opened on the part of the plaintiff by Mr. Robb.

Messrs. Moore and Moreland followed for the defendant, and Mr. Fulton closed on the part of the plaintiff. after which the Court charged the jury.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Collier.

FRIDAY, December 10.—In the case of Samuel Newton, George Drake and Miller Clark, tried on an indictment for assault and battery, the jury found a verdict of not guilty, but directed the defendants to pay the costs.

In the case of Nicholas Meyers, indicted for an assault upon James Walls, a verdict of not guilty was rendered. The defendant was directed to pay two-thirds of the costs.

Timothy Scanlon was found guilty on two indictments for assault and battery. On the first indictment he was sentenced to pay the costs, on the second a fine of five dollars and the costs.

M. L. Malone was found guilty on a charge of assault and battery. Sentence deferred.

W. P. Wampler plead nolle contendre to an indictment charging him with assault and battery.

In the surety case of M. L. Malone, brought upon oath of James Owens, the defendant was ordered to pay the costs.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. H. P. Vierheller, charged with larceny by bailee, a verdict of not guilty was rendered, the prosecutor having failed to appear.

The report of the viewers in relation to Grant avenue, Ballvue borough, was presented and confirmed nisi and ordered to be filed.

Court then adjourned.

The following surety of the peace and abandonment cases will be taken up on Saturday morning at ten o'clock. Parties interested must be in Court, otherwise the cases may be dismissed at the cost of the parties not appearing.

TRIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

8. Com. vs. Simon Schock.
12. " Valentine Darry.
13. " Mary Joyce.
14. " Michael Hofers.
15. " Michael Harrison.
16. " George Hunter.
17. " Fame Hunter.
18. " Anne Hunter.
33. " Manuel Cunea, et al.
34. " John Hain's.
35. " Geo. P. Harbaugh.
37. " Gerhard Smally.
38. " Wm. Brooks, et al.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

29. Com. vs. Owen McDonald.
45. " John Kenesam—2 cases.
353. " Dennis Crowley.
220. " John Volker.
47. " W. J. Robinson—2 cases.
48. " W. C. Meredith.
22. " H. H. Meyers.
24. " Charles Ramsey.
418. " John A. McGraw.
51. " Thomas Hutchings.
56. " Ella Tyler.
54. " Anne Gordon—2 cases.
46. " A. G. Walters.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

270. Com. vs. Allen Taylor, *et al.*
199. " Thomas Fielder.
54. " Adam Showers.
55. " Charles Grizzell.
57. " Jacob Schaffner.
58. " Edward Lynch.
59. " Lilly Rogers—2 cases.
60. " Jacob Baumiller.
61. " John Medcer.
62. " Wm. Heckert.
" " Lawrence Bell.
436. " H. S. Babcock—2 cases.
367. " G. S. Selgrist.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

FRIDAY, December 10.—The jury in the case of Hill vs. Coulter, failing to agree, were discharged by the Court.

In the case of Jones et. ex. vs. McAboy, previously reported, the jury are out.

Mortuary Report.

The following is the list of deaths in the city of Pittsburgh from the 27th of Nov. to the 4th of Dec., as reported by Dr. W. Snively, Physician to the Board of Health:

Unknown, 1; old age, 1; Anasarca, 1; Albuminuria, 1; Cystitis, 1; Croup, 1; Marasmus, 2; Scarlet Fever, 2; Pneumonia, 1; Puberculosis, 4—Total, 15.

Of the above there were—Under 1 year, 2; from 1 to 2 years, 1; 2 to 5, 4; 10 to 15, 1; 20 to 30, 2; 40 to 50, 1: 50 to 60, 1; 70 to 80, 3.

Males, 11; females, 4. White, 15; colored, 0.

Danced to Death.

A few evenings since a ball was held in one of the halls of the city, at which a large number of the young folks were in attendance. Among the attractions of the evening was a prize, a gold ring, offered to the lady who should outwaltz all competitors. At twelve o'clock the band struck up "Il' Bacchio," and a full dozen competitors took their places on the floor, entering for the contest. At the expiration of twenty minutes, four of the couples gave away and took their seats, leaving the rest twirling and whirling in the giddy and intoxicating dance. One hour more, there were but three couples on the floor, and the dance went on till after another hour had passed, when from sheer exhaustion another couple gave away, leaving the floor to the remaining two pair of terpsichorean devotees. The band of music played and played and played, and the four fast falling dancers danced and danced and danced, till even those who looked upon them grew sick and dizzy. At the end of the fourth hour, the musicians grew feeble, and from the finger ends of the violinists the blood trickled to the floor, but still they supplied the moving power to keep the dancers agoing. The excitement grew intense as the fifth hour of the dance came on, and there were those present who insisted on putting an end to the merry, though reckless quartette suicide. However, no interference was permitted, and the prize dance, over the jaws of death went on. After five hours and three minutes had elapsed, one of the ladies fainted, and her partner quickly followed her example, and, amidst cheers, the prize was awarded the other couple who kept the floor. Then came a summing up of damages. The two contesting girls were higher death than life, and had to be conveyed to their homes—together with their partners, who were as badly used up—in carriages, and all have since been in a precarious condition and under medical treatment. The girls had to have their shoes cut from their feet, and their limbs were swollen next day to enormous size. The young men were the winner, and the musicians suffered terribly and will never again play at a terpsichorean contest. So much for foolishness.

Too Good to be Lost.

At the recent Anniversary of the Young Mens' Christian Association, held in the Third Presbyterian Church of this city, a distinguished layman from one of the eastern cities delivered one of his characteristic addresses. The gentleman in question is a member of one of those churches which confine themselves to the use of the Scripture Psalms, and hold the doctrine of close communion. Our eastern layman, it is well known, is rather liberal in his opinions and practice on these subjects. In the course of his address he referred to the Union that was about to be consummated on the following day between the two great assemblies, and remarked that "some persons thought they were too near akin to get married, but for his part he believe that." On the following day an old divine met a gentleman on the street, whom he supposed was a friend of the respected layman, and asked him if he would tell his eastern acquaintance that occurred to his mind the previous evening, when he reflected on the degrees of affinity between the two bodies. Let us hear it, first said the gentleman who was solicited to be the medium of communication. "Well," said the old divine, "I just thought that our friend from the city of Brotherlylove had co-habited long enough with these two old ladies, (the two Assemblies), and that it was time that he should marry them in order to preserve his ecclesiastical chastity and put a stop to the circulation of further scandal in relation to this matter."

City Expeditures.

The city expenditures for the month of November, so far as they have been returned to the Controller's office, amounts in the aggregate to $30,853.49. The following statement shows the amount expended in the several departments:

APPROPRIATION.	AMOUNT.
No. 2—Printing	$ 27 00
No. 3—Fire Engine and House	220 16
No. 5—Police—Central p. r. roll	$3,595 35
" " Police	527 60
No. 6—Water Works	5,369 46
No. 7—Streets—First District	$1,267 54
" " Second District	1,000 00
" " Third "	624 91
Engineers' Department	1,295 00
Repairs to Penn street	2,853 14
No. 8—Diamond markets	167 50
No. 10—Monongah is wharf	145 00
No. 12—Cutting grass	1 50
No. 17—Finance [illegible]	125 00
No. 20—Fifth Ward Park [illegible]	1,000 00
No. 21—Fire Alarm Telegraph	685 00
No. 22—Bonds—First District	$450 00
" " Second District	1,000 00
" " Third District	540 00
No. 23—Salaries	1,250 00
No. 24—Water Extension	3,140 00
Total	$30,853 49

This does not include a number of bills, which will swell the amount probably to $33,000.

Elegant Christmas Presents.

Mrs. Wattles & Sheafer, the well known and popular jewelers, No. 101 Fifth avenue, announce a large and specially fine and complete holiday stock of general fashionable jewelry, watches, statuary, silverware, Parian marble goods, etc., etc., to which they invite the attention of their friends and the public generally. The goods were selected with great care by one of the firm, whose knowledge of the markets and the trade enabled him to bring home a stock, which, for general excellence and elegance, cannot be surpassed. Another advantage which the firm secured, was that of being present in the New York markets just as gold made such a tumble, and prices became "spanicky," and goods of all descriptions were sacrificed. Their purchases were made at the lowest reduced rates, and both buyer and seller in consequence offered their patrons. We can commend this house to the fullest confidence of our readers, knowing them to be fair dealing and honorable business gentlemen, eminently worthy the largest measure of patronage.

Agricultural.

The New York *Weekly Tribune* is a great Farmer's Paper. Its Agricultural Department, containing as it does full reports of the American Institute Farmers' Club, and articles written for its columns by the most eminent agriculturists of America, is absolutely the most complete & attractive features in a Horticultural Department, which will comprise management of small farms, fruit and vegetable culture, and how to make them pay. Also a Veterinary Department, for which Prof. James Law, Veterinary Surgeon in Cornell University, has been engaged to answer questions concerning diseases of cattle, horses, sheep, and other domestic animals, and prescribe remedies through the columns of the *Weekly Tribune*. See advertisement in another column.

Fashion's Centre.

Mr. W. Hespenheid's establishment, No. 59 Sixth street (late St. Clair street,) is the popular and fashionable headquarters for gentlemen's clothing. Young or old will find at this emporium something suited to pockets and taste. The latest styles of men's wear always on hand, everything ordered at the house is warranted to please perfectly, otherwise it will not leave the hands of the maker. Suits made to order promptly of any quality of material and at various prices. The best evidence of superiority is evidenced in the large patronage enjoyed by Mr. Hespenheide, which is not excelled by any house in the city. He is now prepared to make up suits for the season at the shortest notice and on most reasonable terms. Give him a call.

New Publications.

John W. Pittock, Bookseller and Stationer, opposite the Postoffice, Pittsburgh, Pa., has for sale the following publications:

Vashti, or Until Death do us Part. By the author of Bucleh, &c. $2.

Origin and Development of Religious Belief. By Baron Gould. American edition. $2 50.

A Second Letter to Archbishop Manning. By the author of "Church Creed," &c. 30 cents.

Across America and Asia. By Pumpelly. $5.

Lost in the Jungle. By Paul Duchaillu, author of Equatorial Africa. $1 75.

Stolen Goods Recovered.

Our readers will remember the robbery at Jenkinson's tobacco store, Federal street, Allegheny, on the night of the 17th of October last. The thieves carried of fifty-five boxes of red seal segars. Since then Alderman Butler's police have been engaged in ferreting out the affair, and succeeded last Saturday in recovering thirty-five boxes. It is quite likely they will secure all the stolen property. The thieves have not been apprehended, but they are known, and the police are on the track.

Pier, Dannets & Co. deliver their delicious Cream Ale to all parts of Birmingham, Allegheny and Pittsburgh, and ship promptly by rail and boat throughout the country. Particular attention is paid to orders from the country, and every barrel is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Miss Ada Harland and Mr. T. E. Morris took a joint benefit at the Opera House last evening, at which time "Formosa," the new sensational drama, was presented. The house was well filled, notwithstanding the unpropitious weather. It will be repeated at the matinee this afternoon and evening.

THEATRE.—A large audience assembled at the Pittsburgh Theatre last evening, at which place there are numerous attractions, the principal of which is Little Mac, who, in his "Life in the South," is the "biggest little man" in the business. Madame Sanyeah, the beautiful and fearless gymnast, is also a great attraction.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Monday evening next, Mr. G. L. Fox will commence a season of Pantomime for six nights only, with a powerful troupe, including the celebrated Kiralfy Ballet Troupe, "Humpty Dumpty" and "Hiccory Diccory Dock" will be presented.

DRUMMER BOY.—Marked success has attended the production of the "Drummer Boy, or Battle of Shiloh," the thrilling military allegory at the Academy of Music this season. It was the intention at first to run it but one week, but so great was the demand for seats that all desiring to see it could not be accommodated, and the managers concluded to run it another week, during which time the audiences did not decrease. The matinee this afternoon and this evening's entertainment will be the last of the season, and we would recommend those who have not seen it to improve this last opportunity.

MASONIC HALL.—A rare feast is promised the music-loving portion of our city and vicinity, which comprises by no means a small portion of our citizens, on Tuesday and Wednesday next, in the way of a grand Orchestral Concert, by Theodore Thomas' celebrated orchestra of New York. Masonic Hall has been secured for the purpose, and as the selections of music given at these concerts is of the highest class, of course the hall will be filled to its utmost capacity. The sale of seats will commence Monday morning at nine o'clock, at Kleber's music store.

A Gratifying Result.

We are informed that within the first year of its existence, the Co-operative Life Insurance Company of this city has issued nearly *nine hundred* policies, ranging from one to five thousand dollars each. It has, during the same time, paid four losses of one thousand dollars each; paid the expense attending its organization all its current expenses, and, notwithstanding its exceedingly low charges, it has, from the FIRST HOURS, continually added to its surplus.

These facts tell not only that the public appreciate the advantages of this Company's excellent system of insurance, but also that its business is managed with a degree of economy that fully warrants the large patronage it has received.

An example of equal success will be looked for in vain in the first year's history of any other company doing business in this city. The Company's office is at 128 Smithfield street, where circulars and full information may be had.

Constitution Bitters are pleasant to the smell and taste, will remove impurities from the body, and give health and vigor to the frame. Derangements of the stomach and liver are harbingers and sources of insanity. From an obstruction or disorder, a morbid action of the system ensues, and other horrors follow. Gangliouitis, &c., and the functions of the brain are deranged and impaired. Derangement of the cerebrum will also produce diseases of the lungs, heart, skin and kidneys. It is consequent upon the same cause that thousands die of cholera, fever and bilious fevers, and that insatiate, baneful, largely treated, phthisic or Consumption. The stomach is an important organ in the economy, for upon its success we depend for all the advantages to be derived from the exhibitions of internal medicines. In healthy functions are all sterile moment to every mortal, as it constitutes the only fluids of material woods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 144 PENN STREET.
Carriages for Funerals, $3.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. and

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.
Bell and Brass Founders,
ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE & ROLLING MILL
BRASSES
Made Promptly to Order
BABBIT'S METAL
Made and Kept on Hand.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of
J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel
STEAM PUMP.
Office, 882 PENN STREET.
Foundry, Cor. 17th and Railroad Streets,
PITTSBURGH PA

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, December 10, 1869:

B	Jones I	Patterson Wm
Boyd L	R	R
Barre, Mrs S J	Kall & Co Cath	Rees Evan
C	Keating Pat	Rose Hellen M
Cornell Jno R	Kerr Tom	Roberts D
Corcoran Mic l	L	S
Cannbell Corr	Lyon Miss Ag A	Stewart J
Carrigan Jno F	Lewis Mas	Silve r Hand
D	M	Scott Mrs D
Davis Jno T	Morgan T	Sankey Francis
Dowling Miss J	Meyers Katie	Scanlon Mr M S
Drews Fred	Morfey Jno	Smith Johnn
E	Mc	T
Evans Thos C	McGlincy Rose	Thompson Sar
F	M G Gill T	Tipper Jos
Garrel on Annie	McCloy Mr Gu'y	W
Grapes on J C	McAna D J	Vankirk Ralp
H	Mcintosh Mrs S	W
Hutt Caney	N	Walker Miss ar
Hogle J	Norcross G W	Young M s Mar
Hi chcock J K	Nich lson Wm	Young M s Mar
Hall Mrs	O	Young Miss Mar
Har y T	O'Donnell W	Y
J	P	
Jno Jones K	Patterson Jno	

PHILLIP HOERR, P. M.
dec10

Iron City College.
Corner Penn and Sixth Streets,
(formerly St. Clair.)
FITTSBURGH, PA.
The most complete Business College in the United States.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
Students can commence at any time.
N. B.—Circulars containing full particulars on addressing the Principals,
SMITH & COWLEY,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
no27:d30-d7

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS,
266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Judge Grover, of the Court of Appeals, of Rochester, N. Y., has granted a writ of error in the case of Meisner, the murderer.

—Last evening Hugh Carmichael was stabbed to death in Scranton, Pa., by his brother-in-law, William Crawford. Carmichael leaves a wife and three children.

—Wm. Derment, aged twenty-one, suicided Thursday night, at a school house near Memphis, Ind., by blowing out his brains. Want of employment is assigned as the cause.

—General Rosecrans was the guest of the Union League in New York, Thursday. He leaves shortly for Indianapolis to attend a meeting of the Army of the Cumberland.

—The contest for United States Senator in Kentucky begins to grow animated at Frankfort. It is more than probable Gov. Stevenson's name will not be presented before joint session.

—The past season has been unfortunate for the Gloucester fishermen. Sixteen vessels, valued at $54,000 were wrecked, while minor damages to the fleet are very great. Fifty-six fishermen lost their lives.

—A wooden building in Chapel Place, Boston, occupied by several Irish families, was burned Thursday morning, two children of Daniel Sullivan—a boy of four years and girl of three months—were smothered to death.

—A dispatch says that the robbers of the bank at Gallatin, Mo., and murderers of John W. Sheels, its cashier, only obtained five dollars from the bank. They have not been arrested. There are several parties scouring the country for them.

—Samuel Dryden, suspected of complicity in the murder of the Cox family, near Kingsville, Missouri, six weeks ago, was killed at his farm, three miles from Kingsville, Wednesday night, by five men, who rode up to him while feeding his hogs, and shot him.

—Yesterday morning, in Baltimore, Michael Cann was shot and instantly killed by James Galloway, at the house of the latter. The altercation originated in reports circulated by Cann in regard to Galloway's wife. The parties had been partners for some time.

—Nicaragua dates state that the revolution has ended, and that peace has been established with the revolutionists. The peace was brought about partly by Mr. Riolte, United States Minister in Nicaragua, who was appointed a commissioner to see to the carrying out of its provisions.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, December 10.—Cotton receipts to-day were 8,753 bales; exports to Liverpool were 953 bales; to Havre 3,350 bales; coastwise 1,081 bales; sales for the week were 31,000 bales; receipts, 15,000; exports 22,116 bales; gross 34,771 bales; exports to Great Britain, 14,707 bales; to continent 14,707 bales; other foreign ports 140 bales; coastwise 2,429 bales; stock 114,205 bales; sales to-day 3,000 bales; low middling; market firm; sales at 24½@25c; receipts of sugar prime 12¾@12¾c. Molasses: prime 65@66c. Whisky dull at $1,10@1,12.

CHICAGO, December 10.—The markets this afternoon were dull, except wheat, which was moderately active but prices steady with No. 2 spring selling at 84¾@85c for cash, 85¼@85¾c for seller Jan'y. Corn inactive and nominal at 74@74½c. Oats neglected, and at evening board markets quiet and provisions firm at full change price, sales of 500 tcs of lard at 19c seller Feb'y. 20,000 pounds short rib 20 days.

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MARRIED:

CRAWFORD—CALDWELL—On December 9, 1869, by the Rev. T. H. Hanna, Mr. WILLIAM CRAWFORD and Miss MATILDA CALDWELL, all of Pittsburgh.

AUSTIN—BRICKELL—On Thursday evening, Dec. 9th, by Rev. H. Miller, Mr. JAMES A. AUSTIN, of Richland township, to MARIA H. BRICKELL, of this city.

MCLAIN—LIGGETT—On Thursday evening, Dec. 9th, at the Second Presbyterian Church, by Rev. W. Howard, Mr. BEN. N. MCLAIN to Miss MAT. IKE LIGGETT, both of this city.

DIED.

WHITE—On Friday morning, at 11 o'clock, ANNIE LORETTA WHITE, aged 10 months and 19 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 25 High street, on SABBATH AFTERNOON, the 12th, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Sunday little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven.

FERGUSON—On December 9th, 1869, Mr. CHARLES FERGUSON, in the 59th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 633 Penn ave t, Pittsburgh, TO-DAY, December 11th, 1869, at two o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

Suddenly, on Thursday evening, December 9th, at seven o'clock, Mr. DANIEL JACKSON, aged 53 years.

Friends and acquaintance are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at 10 o'clock, THIS MORNING, from the residence, No. 161 Market street, Sixth ward, Allegheny.

MOORE—On Friday, December 10th, at 4 o'clock A. M., JAMES H. MOORE, in the 29th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from 894 Penn street, on SUNDAY, December 13th, at 4 o'clock.

FERGUSON—On Friday evening, at half past six, WILLIE B., in and son of Henry and Mary Jane Ferguson, aged 1 year and 8 months.

Funeral to-morrow (Sunday) at 2 o'clock, P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

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LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, December 10, 1869:

B	Jones I	Patterson Wm
Boyd L	R	R
Barre, Mrs S J	Kall & Co Cath	Rees Evan
C	Keating Pat	Rose Hellen M
Cornell Jno R	Kerr Tom	Roberts D
Corcoran Mic l	L	S
Cannbell Corr	Lyon Miss Ag A	Stewart J
Carrigan Jno F	Lewis Mas	Silve r Hand
D	M	Scott Mrs D
Davis Jno T	Morgan T	Sankey Francis
Dowling Miss J	Meyers Katie	Scanlon Mr M S
Drews Fred	Morfey Jno	Smith Johnn
E	Mc	T
Evans Thos C	McGlincy Rose	Thompson Sar
F	M G Gill T	Tipper Jos
Garrel on Annie	McCloy Mr Gu'y	W
Grapes on J C	McAna D J	Vankirk Ralp
H	Mcintosh Mrs S	W
Hutt Caney	N	Walker Miss ar
Hogle J	Norcross G W	Young M s Mar
Hi chcock J K	Nich lson Wm	Young M s Mar
Hall Mrs	O	Young Miss Mar
Har y T	O'Donnell W	Y
J	P	
Jno Jones K	Patterson Jno	

PHILLIP HOERR, P. M.
dec10

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